UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMSSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-0

(Mark One)

- /X/ Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2000 or
- / / Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
 Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

- ----- (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

(213) 382-2200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

NOT APPLICABLE

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,

if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes / / No /X/

As of September 30, 2000, there were approximately 7,434,457 outstanding shares of the issuer's Common Stock, with par value at \$.001.

FORM 10-Q

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HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

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 Signatur | e | 22 |Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION		
<table> <caption> (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)</caption></table>	SEPTEMBER 30,	DECEMBER
31,	2000 (UNAUDITED)	1999
<s> ASSETS</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Cash and due from banks	\$ 63,528	\$
53,476 Federal funds sold and Securities purchased under agreement to resell	48,600	10,000
Cash and cash equivalents 63,476	112,128	
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions		100
Federal Reserve Bank stock 1,686	1,954	
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value: September 30,2000-\$50,373(unaudited); December 31, 1999-\$66,096)	50,716	66,224
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value Interest only strip - at fair value	153,595 326	105,014 352
(amortized cost: September 30, 2000-\$306(unaudited); December 31, 1999-\$330) Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses of \$11,577		
(unaudited) and \$10,624 at September 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999, repectively) Loans held for sale, at lower of the cost or market	577,555 18,155	456,149 18,501
Customers liability on acceptances Premises and equipment, net	2,254 9,482	1,829
8,939		
Accrued interest receivable 4,961	6,651	
Other real estate owned, net Deferred income taxes, net	291 5,131	
5,608		
Servicing asset 1,500	1,819	
Goodwill and intangible assets 2,680	2,494	
Other assets	3,788	
3,240		
TOTAL	\$ 946,339	\$
740,259		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Deposits : Noninterest-bearing	\$ 222,814	\$
193,165 Interest-bearing:		
Savings 54,416	64,629	

191,366 123,488 265,292

54,416

Time deposits of \$100,000 or more Other time deposits 190,699

Money market checking 93,962	105,290	
Total deposits 655,730	849,391	
Accrued interest payable 3,157	5,220	
Acceptance outstanding 1,829	2,254	
Securities sold under repurchase agreement Treasury, tax, and loan remittances Other liabilities 1,321	3,888 5,279	5,892 4,500
Total liabilities 672,429	866,032	
<pre>SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY: Common stock, \$.001 par value; authorized, 10,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 7,434 shares,and 6,680 shares at September 30, 2000 and December 31,1999, respectively (Note 3) Additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive income - unrealized loss on securities available for sale, net of taxes of (\$1,525) and (\$2,002) at September 30, 2000 and December 31,1999, respectively</pre>	7 65,415 (2,135)	6
<pre>(3,079) Unrealized gain (loss) on interest-only strips, net of taxes of \$8 and \$9 in September 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999, respectively Retained earnings 14,684</pre>	11 17,009	13
Total shareholders equity 67,830	80,307	
TOTAL 740,259	\$ 946,339	Ş
======================================		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 AND 1999

<caption></caption>	FOR THREE M	ONTHS ENDED,	FOR NINE MONTHS ENDED,		
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT)		SEPTEMBER 30, 1999	,	SEPTEMBER 30, 1999	
		(Unaudited)	, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Interest Income:					
Interest and fees on loan		10,249			
Interest on investment se		2,764	,	,	
Interest on federal funds	1,028	435	2,220	1,095	
Total interest income	18,789	13,448	51,334	38,079	
Interest Expense	8,419	4,726	21,192	13,582	
Net Interest Income before	10,370	8,722	30,142	24,497	
Provision for Loan Losses	600	-	1,600	400	
Net Interest Income after	9,770	8,722	28,542	24,097	
Noninterest income:					
Service charges on depo	2 234	2,037	6 570	6 144	
Gain on sale of loans	-	2,037			
Gain on sale of securities		223	51	178	
Gain on sale of OREO	42			32	
Sain on sais of side	12	52	12	52	

Other service charges an Other income	1,116 85	838 56	2,615 226	2,160 192
Total noninterest In	3,712	3,212	10,681	9,532
Noninterest Expense:				
Salaries and employee b	3,607	3,153	10,114	8,861
Occupancy and equipment	862	637	2,366	1,991
Data processing	507	487	1,556	1,487
Deposit insurance premi	51	38	170	98
Professional fees	213	224	666	721
Advertising	100	122	278	257
Office supplies	157	128	567	430
Communications	157	131	453	396
Other operating	1,280	1,647	3,740	3,536
Total noninterest Ex	6,934	6,567	19,910	17,777
Income before Income Tax	6,548	5,367	19,313	15,852
Income Tax Provision	2,701	2,165	8,053	6,538
Net Income	3,847		\$11,260	
Earning Per Share (Note 3) Basic	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.48	\$ 1.52	\$ 1.40
Daste	y 0.52	Y U.40	Υ 1.JZ	Υ 1.40
Diluted 				

 \$ 0.52 | \$ 0.48 | \$ 1.51 | \$ 1.39 |The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 AND 1999 (Unaudited)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	NINE MONTHS ENDED			DED	
(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)		SEPTEMBER 30, 2000		SEPTEMBER 30, 1999	
<\$>			<c></c>		
Common Stock					
Balance, beginning of period Stock Dividends (Note 3)	Ş	6 1	Ş	5 1	
Balance, end of period	 \$	7	 \$	6	
Additional paid-in capital					
Balance, beginning of period Stock Options Exercised	\$ 5	6,206	Ş	47,034 271	
Common Stock Issued-Employee Stock Bonus; 20,271 shares @ \$ 13.75 Stock Dividends (Note 3)	:	278 8,931		8,901	
Balance, end of period	\$ 6	5,415	 \$	56 , 206	
Retained Earnings					
Balance, beginning of period		4,684			
Net Income		1,260			
Stock Dividends	()	8,935)		(8,904)	
Balance, end of period	\$ 1	7,009	\$	11,992	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:					
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (1	3,066)	Ş	352	
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale and interest-only strips, net of tax		942		(2,561)	
Balance, end of period	\$ (2	2,124)	 \$	(2,209)	
Total Shareholers' Equity		0,307			
	=====				

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 AND 1999 (Unaudited)

ONTHS ENDED	NINE
	SEPTEMBER 30,
EPTEMBER 30 (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)	2000
999	
 5>	<c></c>
>>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 11 , 260
9,314 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	
operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	563
3 Provision for loan losses	1,600
0 Proceeds from OREO	
1 Stock compensation expense	278
Gain on sale of securities available for sale 78)	(51)
Gain on sale of loans	(1,169)
26) Origination of loans held for sale	(19,998)
4,496) Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	21,513
,025 Change in:	(1, 600)
Accrued interest receivable	(1,690)
Other assets 2	(949)
Accrued interest payable 23)	2,063
Other liabilities 1	3,958
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,378
226	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from interest-bearing deposits 081	100
Proceeds from matured or called investment securities avilable for sale	13,419
Proceeds from matured or called investment securities held to maturity	35,586
Net increase in loans receivable	(123,297)
07,047) Purchase of securities available for sale	(60,528)
1,677) Purchase of securities held to maturity	(20,078)
7,722) Decrease in I/O strip	24
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,106)
62)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(155,880)
8,830)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Net increase in deposits,489	193,661
Stock dividend paid in cash for fractional shares	(3)
) Payment made on other borrowing	(5,892)

<TABLE>

- Payment made on treasury, tax and loan remittance 4,280	(612)
 Net cash provided by financing activities 65,767	187,154
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 9,163	48,652
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 70,729	63,476
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD \$ 79,892	\$ 112,128
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Interest paid \$ 24,709 Income taxes paid 5,950	\$ 17,099 4,364
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING, OPERATING	
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES - Transfer of retained earning to common stock for stock dividend S 1	\$ 1
Transfer of retained earning to additional paid-in capital for stock dividend	8,931
8,901 Transfer of loan to OREO -	291

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheets at September 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999. Income Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000 and 1999. Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 and 1999. Statements of Cash Flow for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 and 1999.

NOTE 1. HANMI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

As of March 14, 2000, Hanmi Financial Corporation ("Hanmi") was incorporated as a bank holding company, which owned Hanmi Bank (the "Bank"). The new corporate structure will permit Hanmi and the Bank greater flexibility in terms of operations, expansion and diversification. Shortly after the incorporation, Hanmi registered its common stock with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") pursuant to the terms of a Plan and Agreement of Merger and Reorganization. The registration statement was declared effective on May 4, 2000. At the same time, Hanmi registered its common stock with the SEC pursuant to section 12(g) and the Security Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The reorganization was consummated with the approval obtained at the shareholder's meeting on May 31, 2000. In the reorganization, the Bank continued its operations as presently conducted under its management.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements of Hanmi Financial Corporation and its subsidiary (the "Company") reflect all the material adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period ended September 30, 2000 but are not necessarily indicative of the results which will be reported for the entire year. In the opinion of management, the aforementioned consolidated financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain reclassifications were made to the prior period's presentation to conform to the current period presentation.

NOTE 3. CHANGE IN EQUITY

On February 16, 2000, the Bank declared an 11% stock dividend payable on April 3, 2000 to shareholders of record at the close of business on March 1,

2000. The shares and per share data have been retroactively restated to reflect the 11% year 2000 stock dividend. On May 3, 1999, the Bank paid an 11% stock dividend to shareholders of record on April 26, 1999. The shares and per share data for the 1999 dividend have been retroactively restated to reflect the 11 % dividend.

On August 16, 2000 the Company granted stock bonus to employee and on September 15, 2000. 20,271 shares were issued at \$13.75. The number of outstanding shares and per share data as of September 30, 2000 reflect this transaction.

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NOTE 4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

On June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". In June 2000, the FASB issued SFAS No. 138, which amends certain provisions of SFAS 133 to clarify four areas causing difficulties in implementation. The amendment included expanding the normal purchase and sale exemption for supply contracts, permitting the offsetting of certain intercompany foreign currency derivatives and thus reducing the number of third party derivatives, permitting hedge accounting for foreign-currency denominated assets and liabilities, and redefining interest rate risk to reduce sources of ineffectiveness. The Company will adopt SFAS 133 and the corresponding amendments under SFAS 138 on January 1, 2001. In management's opinion, implementation of SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 138, is not expected to have a material impact to the overall financial position or results of operations of the Company.

On December 3, 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB" or the "Bulletin") 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements. The Bulletin provided views in applying generally accepted accounting principles to selected revenue recognition issues. The Bulletin further emphasized that revenue should not be recognized until it is realized or realizable and earned. SAB 101, as amended by SAB 101A and 101B, is to be implemented by the Company no later than the fourth fiscal quarter of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1999. In management's opinion, implementation of SAB 101 will not have a material impact to the overall financial position or results of operations of the Company.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULT OF OPERATION

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the major factors that influenced the Company's results of operations and financial condition for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2000.

The following table sets forth certain selected financial data concerning the Company for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	2000	SEPTEMBER 30, 1999
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
AVERAGE BALANCES:		
Average net loans	\$536,007	\$374,040
Average investment securities	221,320	222,416
Average assets	831,868	714,751
Average deposits	729,997	603,646
Average equity	76,506	63,235
PERFORMANCE RATIOS:		
Return on average asset (1)	1.80%	1.74%
Return on average common equity (1)	19.62%	19.64%
Efficiency ratio (2)	48.77%	52.24%
Net interest margin (3)	5.31%	5.48%
CAPITAL RATIOS (4)		
Leverage capital ratio (5)	8.20%	9.04%
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	11.25%	12.50%
Total risk-based capital ratio	12.57%	13.75%
ASSET QUALITY RATIOS		
Allowance for loan losses to total gross loans Allowance for loan losses to non-performing	1.90%	2.27%
loans	151.04%	350.40%
Total non-performing assets and other real		
estate owned to total assets	0.81%	0.42%

- -----

(1) Calculations are based upon annualized net income.

- (2) Efficiency ratio is defined as operating expenses divided by the sum of net interest income and other non-interest income.
- (3) Net interest margin is calculated by dividing annualized net interest income by total average interest-earning assets.
- (4) The required ratios for a "well-capitalized" institution are 5% leverage capital, 6% tier 1 risk-based capital and 10% total risk-based capital.
- (5) Calculations are based on average quarterly asset balances of Hanmi Bank.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain matters discussed under this caption may constitute forward-looking statements under Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. There can be no assurance that the results described or implied in such forward-looking statements will, in fact, be achieved and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially because the business of the Company involves inherent risks and uncertainties. Risks and uncertainties include possible future deteriorating economic conditions in the Company's areas of operation; interest rate risk associated with volatile interest rates and related asset-liability matching risk; liquidity risks; risk of significant non-earning assets, and net credit losses that could occur, particularly in times of weak economic conditions or times of rising interest rates; risks of available for sale securities declining significantly in value as interest rates rise; and regulatory risks associated with the variety of current and future regulations to which the Company is subject. For additional information concerning these factors, see "Risk Factors" contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4.

RESULTS OF OPERATION

For the third quarter of 2000, the Company reported net income of \$3.8 million or \$0.52 per diluted share compared to \$3.2 million or \$0.48 per diluted share for the same quarter of 1999, representing an increase of \$.6 million or 20.14%. The increase in 2000 third quarter net income was primarily attributable to a \$1.6 million increase in net interest income before provision for loan losses.

The annualized return on average assets was 1.80% for the third quarter of 2000 compared to a return on average assets of 1.74% for the same quarter of 1999, an increase of 0.06%. The annualized return on average equity was 19.62% for the third quarter of 2000, compared to a return on average equity of 19.64% for the same quarter in 1999, a decrease of 0.02%.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, the Company reported net income of \$11.3 million or \$1.52 per basic and \$1.51 per diluted common share, compared with \$9.3 million or \$1.40 per basic and \$1.39 per diluted common share for the same period of 1999. This represents an increase of \$2.0 million or 20.9%.

NET INTEREST INCOME

The principal component of the Company's earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest and fees earned on loans and investments and the interest paid on deposits and other borrowed funds. When net interest income is expressed as a percentage of average interest-earning assets, the result is the net interest margin. The net interest spread is the yield on average interest-earning assets less the average cost of interest-bearing deposits and borrowed funds.

For the third quarter of 2000, net interest income before provision for loan losses increased to \$10.4 million. Comparing with \$8.7 million for the corresponding quarter of 1999, this represented an increase of \$1.7 million or 18.9%.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, net interest income before provision for loan losses increased to 30.1 million, compared with 24.5 million a year ago. This represented

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an increase of \$5.6 million or 23.0%. The increase in net interest income before provision for loan losses was substantially attributable to an increase of \$160.8 million in average interest-earning assets, from \$596.5 million to \$757.3 million, which represented an increase of 27.0%.

The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 9.04% for the nine months ended September 30, 2000, from a yield of 8.51% for the nine months ended September 30, 1999. This increase is primarily due to an increase in the Bank's loan portfolio, which has a higher yield than investment securities, and a result of three consecutive 25 basis point interest rate raise by the Feral

Reserve Board in the last quarter of 1999 and first two quarters of year 2000. Approximately 70.8% of Company's interest earning assets were comprised of loans at September 30, 2000, compare to 62.7% at September 30, 1999.

For the third quarter of 2000, net interest expenses increased to \$8.4 million. Comparing with \$4.7 million for the corresponding quarter of 1999, this represented an increase of \$3.7 million or 78.1%.

The Company's interest expense on deposits for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 increased by approximately \$7.6 million or 56.0% to \$21.2 million from \$13.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1999. This increase reflected an increase in the average volume of interest-bearing liabilities and interest rates paid to depositors. Average interest-bearing liabilities were \$521.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2000, which represented an increase of \$109.2 million or 26.5% from average interest-bearing liabilities of \$412.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1999. The cost of average interest-bearing liabilities increased to 5.42% for the nine months ended September 30, 2000, compared to a cost of 4.39% for the same period of 1999. Overall interest on deposits increased due to an increase in market rates and also due to an increase in competition among our peer banks.

The table below presents the average yield on each category of interest-earning assets, average rate paid on each category of interest-bearing liabilities, and the resulting interest rate spread and net yield on interest-earning assets for periods indicated. All average balances are daily average balances.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>	SEPTEMBER 30, 2000			SEPTEMBER 30, 1		
			AVERAGE YIELD/ COST	AVERAGE BALANCE	INTEREST INCOME/ EXPENSE	
				THOUSANDS)		
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
INTEREST EARNING ASSETS:						
Net loans Municipal bonds	\$536,007 15.800	\$41,174 689	10.24% 5.81%	\$374,040 12,303	\$28,117 540	10.02% 5.85%
Obligation of other U.S	10,000	000	0.010	12,000	010	0.000
Government agencies			6.33%			
Other debt securities	,	,	5.61%		,	
Federal funds sold			6.52%			
Interest earning deposit	0	0		1,197	47	
TOTAL INTEREST EARNING ASSETS	\$757 , 327	\$51 , 334	9.04%	\$596 , 456	\$38,079	8.51%

	=			=			10					
	10											
INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES:												
Money market checking			3.76%									
			4.01%	,								
1	,	6,547	5.86%	144,718	4,507	4.15%						
\$100,000 or more Other time certificates of deposits		10,115	6.19%	118,988	5,283	5.92%						
Other borrowing TOTAL INTEREST BEARING		178	6.26%	2,412	82	4.53%						
LIABILITIES	\$521,474		5.42%		\$13,582							
Net interest income		\$30,142			\$24,497							
Net interest income Net interest spread		ş3U,⊥4∠	3.62%		>∠4,49/	4.12%						
Net interest margin			5.31%			4.12% 5.48%						
</TABLE>

The following table shows changes in interest income and interest expense and the amounts attributable to variations in interest rates and volumes for the periods indicated. The variances attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been allocated to the change due to volume and the change due to rate categories in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amount attributable solely to the change in volume and to the change in rate.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 OVER SEPTEMBER 30, 1999

CHANGE DUE TO

	VOLUME	RATE	(DECREASE)
-		(DOLLARS IN THOUSAND:	,
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
INTEREST INCOME:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	610 OF 7
Interest and fees on net loans	\$12,175	\$882	\$13,057
Municipal bonds	153	(4)	149
Obligation of other U.S. Government	(353)	136	(217)
agencies	(5.5.4)	(050)	(01.0)
Other debt securities	(554)	(258)	(812)
Federal funds sold	613	512	1,125
Interest earning deposit	(47)	0	(47)
- TOTAL INTEREST INCOME:	11,987	1,268	13,255
INTEREST EXPENSE			
Money market checking	134	574	708
Savings	(40)	(26)	(66)
Time certificates of deposit	136	1,904	2,040
\$100,000 or more			
Other time certificates of deposits	4,383	449	4,832
Other borrowing	47	49	96
5			
-			
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE:	4,660	2,950	7,610
CHANGE IN NET INTEREST INCOME	\$7 , 327	\$(1,682)	\$5,645

</TABLE>

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NON-INTEREST INCOME

Non-interest income includes revenues earned from sources other than interest income. It is primarily comprised of service charges and fees on deposit accounts, other service charges and fees, including fees received from issuing the letter of credit for international trade finance, and gain on sale of SBA loans and mortgage loans.

For the third quarter of 2000, non-interest income increased approximately by \$500,000 or 15.6% to \$3.7 million over the same period in 1999. The increase was primarily attributable to increase in service charges and fees on deposit account due to increase in volume. Service charges and fees on deposit account increased by \$197,000 or 9.7% during the quarter ended September 30, 2000 compared to the same period in 1999. Premiums received from the sale of SBA loans slightly increased over the same quarter of 1999 and these increased premiums are expected to extend through the year 2000 as interest rates continue in an upward trend.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, non-interest income totaled \$10.7 million compare with \$9.5 million for the same period a year ago. The increase of \$1.2 million was attributable to a combination of a \$434,000 increase in service charges and fees on deposit accounts, \$455,000 increase in other service charges and fees, and \$343,000 increase in gain on sale of SBA loans. The fee income generated by trade financing transactions slightly increased over the same period a year ago due to growing activity in international trade as Asian countries recovered from the economic crisis.

The breakdown of non-interest income by category is reflected below:

	QUARTER ENDED	QUARTER ENDED	INCREASE	(DECREASE)
	9/30/00	9/30/99	AMOUNT	PERCENT (%)
		(Dollars in th	ousands)	
NON-INTEREST INCOME				
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Service charges on deposits	\$2,234	\$2,037	\$197	9.67 %
Gain on sale of SBA loans	235	225	10	4.44 %
Gain on sale of Securities	0	24	(24)	
Gain on sale of OREO	42	32	10	31.25%
Other service charges and fees	1,116	838	278	33.17%
Other income	85	56	29	51.79%
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME:	\$3,712	\$3,212	\$500 = ===========	15.57%

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR NINE MONTHS ENDED	FOR NINE MONTHS ENDED	INCREASE	(DECREASE)
	9/30/00	9/30//99	AMOUNT	PERCENT (%)
		(Dollars in the	ousands)	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NON-INTEREST INCOME				
Service charges on deposits	\$ 6,578	\$ 6,144	\$434	7.06 %
Gain on sale of SBA loans	1,169	826	343	41.53 %
Gain on sale of Securities	51	178	(127)	(71.35)%
Gain on sale of OREO	42	32	10	31.25%
Other service charges and fees	2,615	2,160	455	21.06 %
Other income	226	192	34	17.71%
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME:	\$10,681	\$9,532	\$1,149	12.05%

</TABLE>

12

NON-INTEREST EXPENSES

Non-interest expenses for the third quarter of 2000 increased approximately \$367,000 or 5.6% to \$6.9 million from \$6.6 million for the same period in 1999. The increase was attributable to a combination of internal growth and change in organization structure. Salaries and employee benefits were up by \$454,000 primarily due to increase in monthly bonus accrual to reflect current year's performance. Occupancy and equipment expenses were up by \$225,000, due to full quarter operation of new branch in San Diego and expansion of Cerritos branch space.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, non-interest expenses totaled \$19.9 million compare with \$17.8 million for the same period a year ago. Salaries and employee benefits expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2000, increased \$1.2 million or 14.1% to \$10.1 million from \$8.9 million for the same period in 1999. This increase was primarily due to expenses associated with annual salary adjustments and addition of new employees due to the Company's recent growth and expansion. The breakdown on non-interest expenses are reflected below:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

QUARTER ENDED	QUARTER ENDED	INCREASE	(DECREASE)
9/30/00	9/30/99	AMOUNT	PERCENT (%)
	(Dollars in the	ousands)	
<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
\$3,607	\$3,153	\$454	14.40 %
862	637	225	35.32 %
507	487	20	4.11%
51	38	13	34.21%
213	224	(11)	(4.91) %
100	122	(22)	(18.03)%
157	128	29	22.66%
157	131	26	19.85%
1,280	1,647	(367)	(22.28)%
\$6 031	¢6 567	\$367	5.59%
	<pre>9/30/00 </pre> <c> \$3,607 862 507 51 213 100 157 157 </c>	9/30/00 9/30/99 (Dollars in the \$3,607 \$3,153 \$62 637 507 487 51 38 213 224 100 122 157 128 157 131 1,280 1,647	9/30/00 9/30/99 AMOUNT (Dollars in thousands) <c> <c> <c> \$3,607 \$3,153 \$454 862 637 225 507 487 20 51 38 13 213 224 (11) 100 122 (22) 157 128 29 157 131 26 1,280 1,647 (367)</c></c></c>

</TABLE> <TABLE>

<CAPTION>

<capiion></capiion>	NINE MONTHS ENDED	NINE MONTHS ENDED	INCREASE	(DECREASE)
	9/30/00	9/30/99	AMOUNT	PERCENT (%)
		(Dollars in thou	sands)	
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE				
Salaries and benefits	\$10,114	\$8,861	\$1,253	14.14%
Occupancy and equipment	2,366	1.991	375	18.838%
Data processing	1,556	1,487	69	4.64%
Deposit insurance premiums	170	98	72	73.47%
Professional fees	666	721	(55)	(7.63) %
Advertising	278	257	21	8.17%
Office supplies	567	430	137	31.86%
Communications	453	396	57	14.39%
Others	3,740	3,536	204	5.77%

\$17**,**777

\$2**,**133

</TABLE>

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FINANCIAL CONDITION

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 COMPARED TO DECEMBER 31, 1999

At September 30, 2000, the Company's total assets increased by \$206.1 million or 27.8% to \$946.3 million from \$740.2 million at December 31, 1999. Net loans, net of unearned loan fees and reserve for loan loss and include loans held for sale, amounted \$595.7 million at September 30, 2000, which represents an increase of \$121.0 million or 25.5% from \$474.7 million at December 31, 1999. Total deposits also increased by \$193.7 million or 29.53% to \$849.4 million at September 30, 2000 from \$655.7 million at December 31, 1999.

INVESTMENT SECURITY PORTFOLIO

The Company classified its securities as held-to-maturity or available-for-sale under FASB 115. Those securities that the Company has the ability and intent to hold to maturity are classified as "held-to-maturity securities". All other securities are classified as "available-for-sale". The Company owned no trading securities at September 30, 2000. Securities classified as held-to-maturity are stated at cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts, and securities as available-for-sale are stated at market value. The securities currently held by the Company are U.S. Treasury bond, U.S. agencies, municipal bonds, corporate bonds, and an investment in a tax credit fund.

As of September 30, 2000, held-to-maturity securities totaled \$50.7 million and available-for-sale securities totaled \$153.6 million, compared to \$66.2 million and \$105.0 million at December 31, 1999, respectively. Unrealized losses, net of tax effect, on securities available-for-sale were \$2.1 million compared with unrealized losses, net of tax effect, of \$3.1 million as of year-end 1999.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

CAPITON>		TEMBER 30, 1 (UNAUDITED)	2000
	AMORTIZED COST	MARKET VALUE	UNREALIZED GAIN/(LOSS)
	(Dollar	s in thousa	nds)
<s> HELD- TO-MATURITY U.S. Treasury bond</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
U.S. agencies Municipal bonds Mortgage backed securities Corporate bonds	3,821 3,460	3,725 3,407	\$ (14) (96) (53) (180)
TOTAL	\$ 50,716		\$ (343)
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE U.S. agencies Municipal bonds Mortgage backed securities Corporate bonds	18,911	18,483 51,912	(208)
TOTAL	\$157 , 255	\$153 , 595	\$ (3,660)

 | | |14

LOAN PORTFOLIO

The Company carries all loans at face amount, less payments collected, net of deferred loan origination fees and costs and the allowance for possible loan losses. Interest on all loans is accrued daily on a simple interest basis. Once a loan is placed on non-accrual status, accrual of interest is discontinued and previously accrued interest is reversed. Loans are placed on a non-accrual status when principal and interest on a loan is past due 90 days or more, unless a loan is both well-secured and in process of collection. The Company's gross loans were \$609.0 million at September 30, 2000. This represented an increase of \$122.1 million or 25.1% over gross loans of \$486.8 million at December 31, 1999.

Total commercial loans, comprised of domestic commercial, trade-financing loans, and SBA commercial loans, at September 30, 2000, were approximately \$375.2 million, which represented an increase of \$96.2 million or 34.5% from \$279.0 million at December 31, 1999. Trade financing loans, at September 30, 2000, totaled \$28.4 million, which represented an increase of \$10.3 million or 56.9% from \$18.1 million at December 31, 1999. This increase is due to the active trade financing as the Asian economy recovered from the economic crisis in late 1998. Small Business Administration loans (SBA loans) increased \$15.0 million or 45.9% during the last three-quarter of year 2000 to \$47.7 million from \$32.7 million at December 31, 1999.

The following table shows the Company's loan composition by type:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 (UNAUDITED)		DECEMBE.	R 31,1999
	AMOUNT	PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCENT
LOAN PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION:		(Dollars	in thousands)	
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Commercial and industrial loans	\$375 , 165	61.61%	\$278 , 958	57.31%
Real estate loans	195 , 787	32.15%	169,142	34.75%
Installment loans	38,001	6.24%	38,682	7.94%
Total loans outstanding (1)	608,953		486,782	
Unearned income on loans, net of costs	(1,666)		(1,508)	
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(11,577)		(10,624)	
		-		-
NET LOANS RECEIVABLE (1)	\$595 , 710		\$474,650	
		=		=

999

</TABLE>

(1) amount included loans held for sale of \$18,155 at September 30, 2000 and \$ 18,501 at December 31, 1999

At September 30, 2000, the Company's nonperforming assets (nonaccrual loans, loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest, restructured loans, and other real estate owned) increased to \$7.7 million from \$4.1 million last year. The reason was two line of credits, total amount of \$4 million, were classified as past due status due to delayed renewal of line of credit. Those lines were renewed in October, and cleared from past due status. Excluding this occurrence, total non-performing assets were about the same level as of December 31, 1999.

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The following table shows the composition of the Company's nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 DECEMBER 31, (UNAUDITED)				
	(DOLLARS IN				
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>			
Nonaccrual loans	\$2,905	\$2 , 953			
Loan past due 90 days or more, still accruing	4,469	79			
Total Nonperforming Loans Other real estate owned	7,374 291	3,032			
TOTAL NONPERFORMING ASSETS	\$7,665	\$3,032			

</TABLE>

ALLOWANCE AND PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES

The allowance for loan losses represents the amounts that the Company has set aside for the specific purpose of absorbing losses that may occur in the Company's loan portfolio. The provision for loan losses is an expense charged against operating income and added to the allowance for loan losses. Management of the Company continues to carefully monitor the allowance for loan losses in relation to the size of the Company's loan portfolio and known risks or problem loans.

At September 30, 2000, the allowance for loan losses increased to \$11.6 million, which represented the increase of \$953,000 or 9.0% increase, compared to \$10.6 million at December 31, 1999. The allowance for loan losses to gross loans ratio was 1.90% at September 30, 2000, which is slightly lower than 2.18% at December 31, 1999, but well above the average ratio of the peer banks based on asset size. The Company provided additional reserve of \$1.6 million during the first three quarters of 2000, and the management believes the level of allowance as of September 30, 2000 is adequate to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio.

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The following table shows the provisions made for loan losses, the amount of loans charged off, the recoveries on loans previously charged off together with the balance in the allowance for possible loan losses at the beginning and end of each period, the amount of average and total loans outstanding, and other pertinent ratios as of the dates and for the periods indicated:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

CON HONZ	SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 (UNAUDITED)	DECEMBER 31, 1999
		THOUSANDS)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
LOANS:		
Average total loans	\$547,577	\$407,171
Total gross loans at end of periodALLOWANCE:	608,953	486,782
BALANCE - BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 10,624	\$ 10,423
Loans charged off:	1,289	2,001
Less: Recoveries on loan previous charged off	642	1,202
Less: Net loan charged-off	647	799
Add: Provision for loan losses	1,600	1,000
BALANCE - END OF PERIOD	\$ 11,577	\$ 10,624
RATIO		
Net loan charge-offs to average total loans	0.12%	0.20%
Allowance for loan losses to gross loans at end of		
period	1.90%	2.18%
Net loans charge-offs to allowance for loan losses at		
the end of period	5.59%	7.52%
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	151.04%	350.40%

</TABLE>

DEPOSITS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

At September 30, 2000, the Company's total deposits were \$849.4 million. This represented an increase of \$193.7 million or 29.53%, from total deposits of \$655.7 million at December 31, 1999. Demand deposits totaled \$222.8 million, representing an increase of approximately \$29.6 million or 15.35% from total demand deposits of \$193.2 million at December 31, 1999.

Time deposits over \$100,000 totaled \$191.4 million, which accounted 22.5% of total deposit, at September 30, 2000. This represented an increase of approximately \$67.9 million or 55.0%, compared to \$123.5 million at December 31, 1999. Time deposit under \$100,000 totaled \$265.3 million, which accounted 31.2% of total deposit, at September 30, 2000. This represented an increase of approximately \$74.6 million or 39.1%, compared to \$190.7 million at December 31, 1999.

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND REGULATORY CAPITAL

In order to ensure adequate levels of capital, the Company conducts an ongoing assessment of projected sources and uses of capital in conjunction with projected increases in assets and levels of risk. Management considers, among other things, on an ongoing basis, cash generated from operations, access to capital from financial markets or the issuance of additional securities, including common stock or notes, to meet the Company's capital needs. Total shareholders' equity was \$80.3 million at September 30, 2000. This represented an increase of \$12.5 million or 18.4% over total shareholders' equity of \$67.8 million at December 31, 1999.

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The federal banking agencies require a minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to risk-adjusted assets of 8% and a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-adjusted assets of 4%. In addition to the risk-based guidelines, federal banking regulators require banking organizations to maintain a minimum

amount of Tier 1 capital to total assets, referred to as the leverage ratio. For a banking organization rated in the highest of the five categories used by regulators to rate banking organizations, the minimum leverage ratio of Tier 1 capital to total assets must be 3%. In addition to these uniform risk-based capital guidelines and leverage ratios that apply across the industry, the regulators have the discretion to set individual minimum capital requirements for specific institutions at rates significantly above the minimum guidelines and ratios.

The following table presents the amounts of regulatory capital and the capital ratio for the Company, compared to regulatory capital requirements for adequacy purposes as of September 30, 2000.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)					
	ACTU	JAL	REQU	IRED	EXCH	ESS
	AMOUNT	RATIO	AMOUNT	RATIO	AMOUNT	RATIO
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$86 , 753	12.57%	\$55,214	88	31,539	4.57%
Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets)	77 , 628	11.25%	27,607	48	50,021	7.25%
Tier I capital (to total assets) 						

 77,628 | 8.20% | 37,854 | 4% | 39,774 | 4.20% |18

ITEM 3 QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

GENERAL

Market risk is the risk of loss to future earnings, to fair values, or to future cash flows that may result from changes in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices, and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributed to all market risk sensitive financial instruments, including securities, loans, deposits, and borrowings, as well as derivative instruments. Our exposure to market risk is a function of our asset and liability management activities and other roles as a financial intermediary in customer-related transactions. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings and equity to loss and to reduce the volatility inherent in certain financial instruments.

The management of market risk is governed by policies reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors ("Board"). The Board delegates responsibility for market risk management to the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO), which is composed of the Company's senior executives and other designated officers. ALCO makes changes in the mix of assets and liabilities. ALCO also reviews and approves market risk-management programs and market risk limits

LIQUIDITY AND INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

Liquidity risk is the risk to earnings or capital resulting from the Company's inability to meet its obligations when they come due without incurring unacceptable losses. Liquidity risk includes the ability to manage unplanned decreases or changes in funding sources and to recognize or address changes in market conditions that affect the Company's ability to liquidate assets quickly and with a minimum loss of value. Factors considered in liquidity risk management are stability of the deposit base, marketability, maturity, and pledging of investments, and demand for credit.

In general, the Company manages liquidity risk daily by controlling the level of federal funds and the use of funds provided by the cash flow from the investment portfolio and scheduled loan repayment. To meet unexpected demands, lines of credit are maintained with correspondent banks, and the Federal Reserve Bank. The sale of securities available-for-sale also can also serve as a contingent source of funds. Increases in deposit rates are considered a last resort as a means of raising funds to increase liquidity.

The Company's liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents, interest-bearing deposits in corresponding banks and securities available-for-sale. The aggregate of these assets totaled \$266.0 million at September 30, 2000 compared to \$ 168.6 million at December 31, 1999.

Because the primary sources and uses of funds are loans and deposits, the relationship between gross loans and deposits provides a useful measure of the Company's liquidity. Typically, the closer the ratio of loans to deposits is to 100%, the more reliant the Company relies on its loan portfolio to provide for short- term liquidity needs. Because repayment of loans tends to be less predictable than the maturity of investments and other liquid resources, the higher the

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loan to deposit ratio, the less liquid are the Company's assets. For the first nine months of 2000, the Company's loan to deposit ratio averaged 73.43%, compared to an average ratio of 58.26% for the same period last year.

The Company is engaged in asset and liability management activities with the objective of reducing adverse changes in earnings as a result of changes in interest rates. The management monitors the interest rate risk relates to the timing and magnitude of the repricing of assets compared to liabilities and has the control of risks associated with movements in interest rates.

The ALCO meets monthly to monitor the interest rate risk and may direct changes in the composition of the balance sheet. The company's balance sheet is inherently asset sensitive, which means that assets generally reprice more often than liabilities. Since an asset-sensitive balance sheet tends to reduce net interest income when interest rates decline and to increase net interest income when interest rate rise, careful forecast of interest rate and security portfolio changes are used to manage the interest rate risk.

The Company currently uses the interest rate gap to measure interest rate risk. It is the difference between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities maturing or repricing within specified periods. The gap analysis presented below indicates that assets that are rate sensitive within one year exceeded liabilities within that same period by \$10.7 million at September 30, 2000. The following table shows the Company's gap position as of September 30, 2000.

20

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

(Dollars in thousands)

	WITHIN SIX MONTHS	YEAR	AFTER ONE YEAR BUT WITHIN FIVE YEARS	FIVE YEARS	NON-SENSITIVE ASSETS	TOTAL
<s></s>	<c></c>		<c></c>	<c></c>		<c></c>
ASSETS						
CASH					\$63 , 528	\$63 , 528
INVESTMENTS:						
Fixed		\$27 , 747	\$81 , 132	\$58 , 866		201,941
Floating	6,030					6,030
Unrealized Loss					(3,660)	(3,660)
LOANS:						
Fixed		30,682		59 , 775		162,438
Floating	425,281	7,670	13,226	338		446,515
Unearned income & LLR					(13,243)	(13,243)
Federal funds sold	48,600					48,600
Accrued interest receivable	6,651					6,651
Customer liabilities	2,254					2,254
Other assets				2,776	22,509	25,285
TOTAL ASSETS	\$539,499 ======		\$149,850			
LIABILITIES DEPOSITS:						
Demand deposit	17 005	69,069	112 640	22,280		222,814
Time certificate of		98,195	2,902	22,280		191,366
deposit	90,009	90,193	2,902	200		191,300
\$100,000 or more						
Time certificate of	91.748	150.383	22,978	183		265,292
deposit	,	,	,			,
Under \$100,000						
Money market	7,374	48,153	46,075	3,688		105,290
Savings Accounts	4,278	27,835	26,893	5,623		64,629
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE	5,220					5,220
ACCEPTANCE OUTSTANDING	2,254					2,254
OTHER BORROWED MONEY	3,888					3,888
OTHER LIABILITIES	5,000				5,279	5,279
			010 400			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	222,656	393,635 	212,488	31,974	5,279 	866,032
CHADEHOIDEDC! FOULTVV					80 307	80 307

ΨΟΨ Δ Τ. Τ.1	IABILITIES AND	222 656	393 635	212,488	31 974	85 586	946 339
				=======================================			
Net gap		316,843 316,843	(327,536) (10,693)	(62,638) (73,331)	89,783 16,452	(16,452)	
	ive gap/assets	33.48%	(1.13)%	(7.75)%	1.74%		
	ive gap/interest ing assets			(8.61)%			

									21					
		PART I	II											
ITEM 1	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS													
	None													
ITEM 2	CHANGES IN SECURITIES													
	At September 15, 2000	, 20,271 new	shares were is	ssued to employe	ee of									
	Hanmi Bank, as bonus	at \$13.75.												
ITEM 3	DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR	SECURITIES												
	None													
ITEM 4	SUBMISSION OF MATTERS	TO A VOTE OF	SECURITY HOL	DERS										
	None													
ITEM 5	OTHER INFORMATION													
	None													
ITEM 6	EXHIBITS AND REPORTS	ON FORM 8-K												
	(a) Exhibits													
	(b) Reports on Form	8-K												
	None													
SIGNATUR	RES													
registra	Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.													
Hanmi Fi	inancial Corporation													
Date:	November 14, 2000		By /s/ Yong 1	Ku Choe										
			(Principal		cer									
		22												

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