# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

$\times$	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SE	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the Qu	uarterly Period Ended Septemb	er 30, 2024	
	•	or		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SE	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
		Transition Period From	To	
		ommission File Number: 000-304		
	Co	ommission the Number: 000-30-	<u>121</u>	
		ANCIAL COP ne of Registrant as Specified in i		
	Delaware		95-4788120	
	(State or Other Jurisdiction of		(I.R.S. Employer	
	Incorporation or Organization)		Identification No.)	
	900 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1250			
	Los Angeles, California		90017	
	(Address of Principal Executive Offices)		(Zip Code)	
	(Registra	(213) 382-2200 ant's Telephone Number, Including A	rea Code)	
	(Former Name, Former A	Not Applicable Address and Former Fiscal Year, If Cl	nanged Since Last Report)	
	Securities	Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b)	of the Act:	
		Trading		
	Title of each class	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered	
	Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	HAFC	Nasdaq Global Select Market	
month	r period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been	subject to such filing requirements for to vevery Interactive Data File required to les). Yes ⊠ No □ an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer.	be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 er, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the	:h
Large	accelerated filer	☐ Accelerated filer		
Non-a	accelerated filer	Smaller reporting co	* *	
		Emerging Growth C has elected not to use the extended trans	ompany $\Box$ ition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards	
provid	led pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐ Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defi		No ⊠	
	As of October 23, 2024, there were 30,196,372 outstanding shares of the	Registrant's Common Stock.		

## <u>Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q</u> <u>Three Months Ended September 30, 2024</u>

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#### Part I — Financial Information

#### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

## Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share data)

		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2023
Assets		,	
Cash and due from banks	\$	287,767	\$ 302,324
Securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$987,498 and \$967,031 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		908,921	865,739
Loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value		54,336	12,013
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$69,163 and \$69,462 as of September 30,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	***
2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		6,188,581	6,112,972
Accrued interest receivable		21,955	23,371
Premises and equipment, net		21,371	21,959
Customers' liability on acceptances		67	625
Servicing assets		6,683	7,070
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net		11,031	11,099
Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock, at cost		16,385	16,385
Income tax assets		36,954	35,226
Bank-owned life insurance		56,851	56,335
Prepaid expenses and other assets		101,397	105,223
Total assets	\$	7,712,299	\$ 7,570,341
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Liabilities: Deposits: Noninterest-bearing Interest-bearing Total deposits Accrued interest payable Bank's liability on acceptances Borrowings Subordinated debentures Accrued expenses and other liabilities Total liabilities Stockholders' equity:	s	2,051,790 4,351,431 6,403,221 52,613 67 300,000 130,478 89,211 <b>6,975,590</b>	\$ 2,003,596 4,276,978 6,280,574 39,306 625 325,000 130,012 92,933 6,868,450
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; no shares issued as of			
September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 62,500,000 shares; issued 34,125,864 shares (30,196,755 shares outstanding) and 33,918,035 shares (30,368,655 shares outstanding) as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively Additional paid-in capital		34 589,567	34 586,912
• •		389,367	380,912
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax benefit of \$22,525 and \$29,058 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		(55,140)	(71,928)
Retained earnings		340,718	319,048
Less treasury stock; 3,929,109 shares and 3,549,380 shares as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		(138,470)	(132,175)
Total stockholders' equity		736,709	701,891
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	7,712,299	\$ 7,570,341

# Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three Mon Septem		led	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024	<i>5</i> 01 00,	2023	2024		2023			
Interest and dividend income:									
Interest and fees on loans receivable	\$ 92,182	\$	85,398	\$ 274,608	\$	249,888			
Interest on securities	5,523		4,204	15,717		12,356			
Dividends on FHLB stock	356		317	1,075		888			
Interest on deposits in other banks	2,356		4,153	7,270		9,012			
Total interest and dividend income	100,417		94,072	298,670		272,144			
Interest expense:									
Interest on deposits	47,153		36,818	139,286		94,431			
Interest on borrowings	1,561		753	5,112		4,755			
Interest on subordinated debentures	1,652		1,646	4,948		4,828			
Total interest expense	50,366		39,217	149,346		104,014			
Net interest income before credit loss expense	50,051		54,855	149,324		168,130			
Credit loss expense	2,286		5,154	3,474		7,210			
Net interest income after credit loss expense	47,765		49,701	145,850		160,920			
Noninterest income:									
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,311		2,605	7,189		7,756			
Trade finance and other service charges and fees	1,254		1,155	3,945		3,586			
Gain on sale of Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans	1,544		1,172	4,669		4,253			
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	324		_	1,132		_			
Other operating income	3,005		6,296	7,293		11,904			
Total noninterest income	8,438		11,228	24,228		27,499			
Noninterest expense:									
Salaries and employee benefits	20,851		20,361	62,870		61,336			
Occupancy and equipment	4,499		4,825	13,643		13,737			
Data processing	3,839		3,490	11,076		10,208			
Professional fees	1,492		1,568	5,134		4,278			
Supplies and communications	538		552	1,710		1,866			
Advertising and promotion	631		534	2,207		2,114			
Other operating expenses	3,230		2,915	10,160		7,777			
Total noninterest expense	35,080		34,245	106,800		101,316			
Income before tax	21,123		26,684	63,278		87,103			
Income tax expense	6,231		7,888	18,772		25,695			
Net income	\$ 14,892	\$	18,796	\$ 44,506	\$	61,408			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.49	\$	0.62	\$ 1.47	\$	2.01			
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.49	\$	0.62	\$ 1.47	\$	2.01			
Weighted-average shares outstanding:									
Basic	29,968,004		30,251,961	30,048,748		30,296,991			
Diluted	30,033,679		30,292,872	30,117,269		30,338,678			

## Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) (in thousands)

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024		2023	2024		2023		
Net income	\$ 14,892	\$	18,796	\$ 44,506	\$	61,408		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Unrealized gain (loss):								
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on available for sale securities	29,090		(20,820)	22,715		(16,943)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges	2,427		_	(526)		_		
Unrealized gain (loss)	31,517		(20,820)	22,189		(16,943)		
Income tax benefit (expense) related to other comprehensive income items	(9,130)		6,037	(6,198)		5,187		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	22,387		(14,783)	15,991		(11,756)		
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in net income	673		_	1,133		1,871		
Income tax benefit related to reclassification adjustment	(200)		_	(336)		(552)		
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income, net of tax	473		_	797		1,319		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	22,860		(14,783)	16,788		(10,437)		
Total comprehensive income	\$ 37,752	\$	4,013	\$ 61,294	\$	50,971		

# Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands, except share data)

	Common Stock - Number of Shares					Stockholders' Equity Accumulated									
						A	dditional		Other			1	Γreasury		Total
								Co	mprehensi						
	Shares	Treasury	Shares	Co	mmon	]	Paid-in		ve	В	Retained		Stock,	Sto	ockholders'
	Issued	Shares	Outstanding	5	Stock	(	Capital		Loss	F	Carnings		at Cost		Equity
Balance at July 1, 2023	33,863,421	(3,377,633)	30,485,788	\$	33	\$	585,391	\$	(84,639)	\$	296,901	\$	(129,126)	\$	668,560
Issuance of awards pursuant to equity incentive plans, net of forfeitures	46,036	_	46,036		1		_		_		_		_		1
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_		_		778		_		_		_		778
Shares surrendered to satisfy tax liability upon vesting of equity awards	_	(21,242)	(21,242)		_		_		_		_		(401)		(401)
Repurchase of common stock	_	(100,000)	(100,000)		_		_		_		_		(1,902)		(1,902)
Cash dividends paid (common stock, \$0.25/share)	_	_	_		_		_		_		(7,690)		_		(7,690)
Net income	_	_	_		_		_		_		18,796		_		18,796
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of income															
taxes					_				(14,783)						(14,783)
Balance at September 30, 2023	33,909,457	(3,498,875)	30,410,582	S	34	\$	586,169	\$	(99,422)	\$	308,007	\$	(131,429	\$	663,359
Balance at July 1, 2024	34,124,910	(3,852,800)	30,272,110	s	34	\$	588,647	s	(78,000)	\$	333,392	\$	(137,014)	\$	707,059
Issuance of awards pursuant to equity incentive plans, net of forfeitures	954	_	954		_		_		_		_		_		_
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_		_		920		_		_		_		920
Shares surrendered to satisfy tax liability upon vesting of equity awards	_	(1,309)	(1,309)		_		_		_		_		(24)		(24)
Repurchase of common stock	_	(75,000)	(75,000)		_		_		_		_		(1,432)		(1,432)
Cash dividends paid (common stock, \$0.25/share)	_	_	_		_		_		_		(7,566)		_		(7,566)
Net income	_	_	_		_		_		_		14,892		_		14,892
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		_		20,654		_		_		20,654
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedge, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		_		2,206		_		_		2,206
Balance at September 30, 2024	34,125,864	(3,929,109)	30,196,755	s	34	\$	589,567	\$	(55,140)	\$	340,718	\$	(138,470	\$	736,709

# Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands, except share data)

	Commo	n Stock - Number of	Shares		A	dditional	Stockholders Accumulated Other Comprehensiv			nity	Treasury			Total	
	Shares	Treasury	Shares	Commo	on	1	Paid-in	Con	e	F	Retained		Stock.	Sto	ckholders'
	Issued	Shares	Outstanding	Stock			Capital		Loss	F	Carnings		at Cost		Equity
Balance at January 1, 2023	33,708,234	(3,222,613)	30,485,621	s	33	\$	583,410	\$	(88,985)	\$	269,542	\$	(126,485)	\$	637,515
Stock options exercised	50,000	_	50,000		_		821		_		_		_		821
Issuance of awards pursuant to equity incentive plans, net of forfeitures	151,223	_	151,223		1		_		_		_		_		1
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_		_		1,938		_		_		_		1,938
Shares surrendered to satisfy tax liability upon vesting of equity awards	_	(76,262)	(76,262)		_		_		_		_		(1,599)		(1,599)
Repurchase of common stock	_	(200,000)	(200,000)		_		_		_		_		(3,345)		(3,345)
Cash dividends paid (common stock, \$0.75/share)	_	_	_		_		_		_		(22,943)		_		(22,943)
Net income	_	_	_		_		_		_		61,408		_		61,408
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of income									(10.427.)						(10.427.)
taxes						_		_	(10,437)	_		_		_	(10,437)
Balance at September 30, 2023	33,909,457	(3,498,875)	30,410,582	S	34	\$	586,169	S	(99,422)	\$	308,007	\$	(131,429_)	\$	663,359
Balance at January 1, 2024	33,918,035	(3,549,380)	30,368,655	s	34	s	586,912	s	(71,928)	\$	319,048	\$	(132,175)	\$	701,891
Issuance of awards pursuant to equity incentive plans, net of forfeitures	207,829	_	207,829		_		_		_		_		_		_
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_		_		2,655		_		_		_		2,655
Shares surrendered to satisfy tax liability upon vesting of equity awards	_	(34,729)	(34,729)		_		_		_		_		(542)		(542)
Repurchase of common stock	_	(345,000)	(345,000)		_		_		_		_		(5,753)		(5,753)
Cash dividends paid (common stock, \$0.75/share)	_	_	_		_		_		_		(22,836)		_		(22,836)
Net income	_	_	_		_		_		_		44,506		_		44,506
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale, net of income															
taxes	_	_	_		_		_		16,356		_		_		16,356
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedge, net of income taxes	_	_	_		_		_		432		_		_		432
Balance at September 30, 2024	34,125,864	(3,929,109	30,196,755	\$	34	\$	589,567	\$	(55,140)	\$	340,718	\$	(138,470	\$	736,709

## Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (in thousands)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

		2024		2023
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	44,506	\$	61,408
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		4,847		5,152
Amortization of servicing assets - net		1,980		1,815
Share-based compensation expense		2,655		1,938
Credit loss expense		3,474		7,210
Loss on sales of securities		_		1,871
(Gain) loss on sales of SBA loans		(4,669)		(4,253)
Origination of SBA loans held for sale		(114,485)		(74,888)
Proceeds from sales of loans		96,485		73,496
(Gain) loss on sales of residential loans		(1,132)		_
Change in bank-owned life insurance		(186)		(820)
Change in prepaid expenses and other assets		2,938		(22,644)
Change in income tax assets		(7,926)		8,520
Valuation adjustment on servicing assets		_		(385)
Change in accrued interest payable and other liabilities		9,121		41,187
Net cash provided by operating activities		37,608		99,607
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of securities available for sale		(128,344)		(64,767)
Proceeds from matured, called and repayment of securities		105,873		74,046
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale		_		8,149
Purchases of loans receivable		(54,286)		_
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans		50,352		_
Purchases of premises and equipment		(1,780)		(330)
Proceeds from disposition of premises and equipment		2,802		7,020
Change in loans receivable, excluding purchases and sales		(95,291)		(64,574)
Net cash used in investing activities		(120,674)		(40,456)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Change in deposits		122,647		92,000
Change in open FHLB advances		(12,500)		(200,000)
Proceeds from FHLB term advances		50,000		62,500
Repayments of FHLB term advances		(62,500)		(50,000)
Cash paid for employee vested shares surrendered due to employee tax liability		(542)		(778)
Repurchase of common stock		(5,760)		(3,345)
Cash dividends paid		(22,836)		(22,943)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		68,509		(122,566)
Net decrease in cash and due from banks		(14,557)		(63,415)
Cash and due from banks at beginning of year		302,324		352,421
Cash and due from banks at end of period	\$	287,767	\$	289,006
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			-	
Interest paid	\$	136,039	\$	61,520
Income taxes paid	\$	2,333	\$	16,144
Non-cash activities:	•	,	•	-,
Transfer of fixed assets to other real estate owned	\$	655	\$	_
Transfer of loans to loans held for sale	\$	45,501	\$	_
Income tax benefit (expense) related to other comprehensive income items	\$	(6,534)	\$	4,635
Change in right-of-use asset obtained in exchange for lease liability	\$	(769)	\$	8,936
Cashless exercise of stock options	\$		\$	821
the state of the s	<del>-</del>		•	~

#### Hanmi Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 — Organization and Basis of Presentation

Hanmi Financial Corporation ("Hanmi Financial," the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") is a bank holding company whose primary subsidiary is Hanmi Bank (the "Bank"). Our primary operations are related to traditional banking activities, including the acceptance of deposits and the lending and investing of money by the Bank.

In management's opinion, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Hanmi Financial and its subsidiaries reflect all adjustments of a normal and recurring nature that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period ended September 30, 2024. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. The unaudited consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with GAAP and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Operating results for the three-month or nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2024 or for any other period. The interim information should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K").

The preparation of interim unaudited consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the unaudited financial statements and disclosures provided, and actual results could differ.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective

Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures: In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2023-09 to enhance the transparency and usefulness of income tax disclosures primarily related to income tax rate reconciliation and income taxes information. The amendments in ASU 2023-09 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The adoption of ASU 2023-09 is not expected to have material effect on the Company's operating results or financial condition.

ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Segment Reporting: In November 2023, FASB issued ASU 2023-07 to provide updates that improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures on significant segment expenses. The amendments in ASU 2023-07 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The adoption of ASU 2023-07 is not expected to have material effect on the Company's operating results or financial condition.

#### Note 2 — Securities

The following is a summary of securities available for sale as of the dates indicated:

	<b>A</b>	mortized	,	Gross Unrealized	,	Gross Unrealized		Estimated Fair
	А	Cost		Gain	•	Loss		Value
	(in thousands)							
September 30, 2024								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	94,117	\$	565	\$	(476)	\$	94,206
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:								
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		464,410		791		(48,928)		416,273
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial		73,939		167		(11,004)		63,102
Collateralized mortgage obligations		150,334		1,034		(7,512)		143,856
Debt securities		128,352		33		(4,135)		124,250
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations		817,035		2,025		(71,579)		747,481
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		76,346		_		(9,112)		67,234
Total securities available for sale	\$	987,498	\$	2,590	\$	(81,167)	\$	908,921
December 31, 2023								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	86,355	\$	173	\$	(1,040)	\$	85,488
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:								
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		504,544		481		(62,697)		442,328
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial		59,973		_		(11,982)		47,991
Collateralized mortgage obligations		106,823		237		(9,649)		97,411
Debt securities		132,215		_		(7,590)		124,625
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations		803,555		718		(91,918)		712,355
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		77,121		_		(9,225)		67,896
Total securities available for sale	\$	967,031	\$	891	\$	(102,183)	\$	865,739

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, by contractual or expected maturity, are shown below. Collateralized mortgage obligations are included in the table shown below based on their expected maturities. All other securities are included based on their contractual maturities.

		September 30, 2024 Available for Sale					December 31, 2023 Available for Sale				
	A	E	stimated	A	mortized	E	stimated				
	Cost		Fa	air Value		Cost	F	air Value			
Within one year				(in tho	ısands)						
	\$	106,686	\$	105,700	\$	62,521	\$	61,828			
Over one year through five years		138,320		135,241		169,176		160,983			
Over five years through ten years		84,350		77,074		83,720		77,608			
Over ten years		658,142		590,906		651,614		565,320			
Total	<u>\$</u>	987,498	\$	908,921	\$	967,031	\$	865,739			

The following table summarizes debt securities available for sale in an unrealized loss position for which an allowance for credit losses has not been recorded at September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023, aggregated by major security type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Holding Period																		
		Les	ss tha	n 12 Mont	hs		13	2 Mor	iths or Mor	e	Total								
	G	ross	Es	stimated	Number		Gross	Est	timated	Number	nber		Gross		E	Stimated	Number		
	Unr	ealized		Fair	of	Unrealized Fair of		of	Unrealized			Fair	of						
	I	Loss		Value	Securities		Loss	•	Value	Securities	ecurities Loss			Value	Securities				
							(in thousands	, exce	pt number o	f securities)									
September 30, 2024																			
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	(4)	\$	2,036	1	\$	(472)	\$	20,756	6	\$	(476)	\$	22,792	7				
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:																			
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		_		_	_		(48,928)		378,056	114		(48,928)		378,056	114				
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial		(134)		11,330	3		(10,870)		45,238	15		(11,004)		56,568	18				
Collateralized mortgage obligations		(28)		12,350	3		(7,484)		57,768	24		(7,512)		70,118	27				
Debt securities		_		_	_		(4,135)		112,391	22		(4,135)		112,391	22				
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency																			
obligations		(162)		23,680	6		(71,417)		593,453	175		(71,579)		617,133	181				
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		_		_	_		(9,112)		67,234	19		(9,112)		67,234	19				
Total	\$	(166	\$	25,716	7	\$	(81,001	\$	681,443	200	\$	(81,167)	\$	707,159	207				
December 31, 2023																			
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	(57)	\$	21,024	7	\$	(983)	\$	32,449	11	\$	(1,040)	\$	53,473	18				
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:																			
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		(11)		2,324	5		(62,686)		411,417	118		(62,697)		413,741	123				
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial		_		_	_		(11,982)		47,991	15		(11,982)		47,991	15				
Collateralized mortgage obligations		(38)		7,074	2		(9,611)		63,610	24		(9,649)		70,684	26				
Debt securities		_		_	_		(7,590)		124,625	26		(7,590)		124,625	26				
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency																			
obligations		(49)		9,398	7		(91,869)		647,643	183		(91,918)		657,041	190				
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		_		_	_		(9,225)		67,896	19		(9,225)		67,896	19				
Total	\$	(106)	\$	30,422	14	\$	(102,077)	\$	747,988	213	\$	(102,183)	\$	778,410	227				

The Company evaluates its available for sale securities portfolio for impairment on a quarterly basis. The Company did not recognize unrealized losses in income because it has the ability and the intent to hold and does not expect to be required to sell these securities until the recovery of their cost basis. The quarterly impairment assessment takes into account the changes in the credit quality of these debt securities since acquisition and the likelihood of a credit loss occurring over the life of the securities. In the event that a credit loss is expected to occur in the future, an allowance is established and a corresponding credit loss is recognized. Based on this analysis, as of September 30, 2024, the Company determined that no credit losses were expected to be realized on the tax-exempt municipal bond portfolio. The remainder of the portfolio consists of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government agency securities, and U.S. government sponsored agency securities, all of which have the backing of the U.S. government, and are therefore not expected to incur credit losses.

Realized gains and losses on sales of securities and proceeds from sales of securities were as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					ded ),
	2024		2023	2024		2023
			(in thousands)			
Gross realized gains on sales of securities	\$ _	\$	\$	_	- \$	_
Gross realized losses on sales of securities	_		_	_	_	(1,871)
Net realized gains (losses) on sales of securities	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>		<u>\$</u>	(1,871)
Proceeds from sales of securities	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>	_	- \$	8,149

There were no sales of securities during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, there were \$1.9 million in net losses in earnings resulting from the sale of \$8.1 million of securities previously recorded with \$1.7 million unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Securities available for sale with market values of \$31.5 million and \$24.8 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, were pledged to secure borrowings from the Federal Reserve Bank ("FRB") Discount Window.

At September 30, 2024, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. government and its agencies, in an amount greater than 10% of stockholders' equity.

#### Note 3 — Loans

#### Loans Receivable

Loans consisted of the following as of the dates indicated:

	Septer	nber 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
		(in thousand	(s)		
Real estate loans:					
Commercial property					
Retail	\$	1,087,433 \$	1,107,360		
Hospitality		819,017	740,519		
Office		571,580	574,981		
Other <sup>(1)</sup>		1,369,294	1,366,534		
Total commercial property loans		3,847,324	3,789,394		
Construction		84,764	100,345		
Residential (2)		939,285	962,661		
Total real estate loans		4,871,373	4,852,400		
Commercial and industrial loans (3)		879,092	747,819		
Equipment financing agreements		507,279	582,215		
Loans receivable		6,257,744	6,182,434		
Allowance for credit losses		(69,163)	(69,462)		
Loans receivable, net	\$	6,188,581 \$	6,112,972		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes mixed-use, multifamily, industrial, gas stations, faith-based facilities, and medical; all other property types represent less than one percent of total loans receivable.

Accrued interest on loans was \$18.7 million and \$19.8 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, loans with carrying values of \$2.44 billion and \$2.36 billion, respectively, were pledged to secure advances from the FHLB.

#### **Loans Held for Sale**

The following is the activity for loans held for sale for the following periods:

	Real Estate	Commercial and Industrial (in thousands)	Total	
Three months ended September 30, 2024				
Balance at beginning of period \$	7,149	\$ 3,318	\$ 10,467	
Originations and transfers	58,433	8,457	66,890	
Sales	(14,697)	(8,320)	(23,017)	
Principal paydowns and amortization	(1)	(3)	(4)	
Balance at end of period §	50,884	\$ 3,452	\$ 54,336	
Three months ended September 30, 2023				
Balance at beginning of period \$	5,544	\$ 1,749	\$ 7,293	
Originations and transfers	12,588	13,398	25,986	
Sales	(11,520)	(9,490)	(21,010)	
Principal paydowns and amortization	(75	(427)	(502)	
Balance at end of period	6,537	\$ 5,230	\$ 11,767	

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes \$1.5 million and \$1.9 million of home equity loans and lines, and \$6.8 million and \$4.5 million of personal loans at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

(3) At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Paycheck Protection Program loans were \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

	Real Estate			al and Industrial ousands)	Total	
Nine months ended September 30, 2024						
Balance at beginning of period	\$	8,792	\$	3,221	\$	12,013
Originations and transfers		88,619		25,866		114,485
Sales		(46,473)		(25,621)		(72,094)
Principal payoffs and amortization		(54)		(14)		(68)
Balance at end of period	\$	50,884	\$	3,452	\$	54,336
Nine months ended September 30, 2023						
Balance at beginning of period	\$	3,775	\$	4,268	\$	8,043
Originations and transfers		43,468		31,420		74,888
Sales		(40,630)		(30,022)		(70,652)
Principal payoffs and amortization		(76)		(436)		(512)
Balance at end of period	\$	6,537	\$	5,230	\$	11,767

The following table presents loans purchased by portfolio segment for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		
			(in thousan	ds)					
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,773	\$	_	\$	8,107	\$		_	
Commercial and industrial	11,935		_		30,257			_	
Residential real estate	10,744		_		15,922			_	
Total	\$ 24,452	\$	_	\$	54,286	\$		_	

#### **Allowance for Credit Losses**

The following table details the information on the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment for the following periods:

	R	eal Estate	Commerc	ial and Industrial		ent Financing reements	Total
				(in thousands	:)		
Three months ended September 30, 2024							
Balance at beginning of period	\$	42,152	\$	10,563	\$	15,014	\$ 67,729
Charge-offs		(1,133)		(190)		(2,477)	(3,800)
Recoveries		729		1,679		516	2,924
Credit loss expense (recovery)		1,946		(2,269)		2,633	2,310
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	43,694	\$	9,783	\$	15,686	\$ 69,163
Three months ended September 30, 2023							
Balance at beginning of period	\$	43,054	\$	16,028	\$	11,942	\$ 71,024
Charge-offs		(216)		(6,323)		(2,831)	(9,370)
Recoveries		50		141		301	492
Credit loss expense		948		1,396		2,823	5,167
Ending balance	\$	43,836	\$	11,242	\$	12,235	\$ 67,313

	Re	al Estate	Commercial and Industrial		Equipment Financing Agreements	Total
			(in thousand	s)		
Nine months ended September 30, 2024						
Balance at beginning of period	\$	45,499	\$ 10,257	\$	13,706	\$ 69,462
Charge-offs		(1,226)	(438)		(6,598)	(8,262)
Recoveries		840	1,903		1,256	3,999
Credit loss expense (recovery)		(1,419)	(1,939)		7,322	3,964
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	43,694	\$ 9,783	\$	15,686	\$ 69,163
Nine months ended September 30, 2023						
Balance at beginning of period	\$	44,026	\$ 15,267	\$	12,230	\$ 71,523
Charge-offs		(627)	(6,635)		(7,052)	(14,314)
Recoveries		180	931		1,131	2,242
Credit loss expense		257	1,679		5,926	7,862
Ending balance	\$	43,836	\$ 11,242	\$	12,235	\$ 67,313

The table below presents the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment as a percentage of the total allowance for credit losses and loans by portfolio segment as a percentage of the aggregate investment of loans receivable as of:

		September 30	, 2024		December 31, 2023					
	llowance Amount	Percentage of Total Allowance	Total Loans	Percentage of Total Loans	Allowance Amount	Percentage of Total Allowance	Total Loans	Percentage of Total Loans		
				(dollars in th	ousands)					
Real estate loans:										
Commercial property										
Retail	\$ 10,226	14.8 %	\$ 1,087,433	17.4 %	\$ 10,264	14.8 %	\$ 1,107,360	17.9 %		
Hospitality	13,971	20.2	819,017	13.1	15,534	22.4	740,519	12.0		
Office	3,879	5.6	571,580	9.1	3,024	4.4	574,981	9.3		
Other	8,004	11.6	1,369,294	21.9	8,663	12.4	1,366,534	22.1		
Total commercial property loans	36,080	52.2	3,847,324	61.5	37,485	54.0	3,789,394	61.3		
Construction	1,698	2.5	84,764	1.4	2,756	4.0	100,345	1.6		
Residential	5,916	8.6	939,285	15.0	5,258	7.5	962,661	15.6		
Total real estate loans	43,694	63.3	4,871,373	77.9	45,499	65.5	4,852,400	78.5		
Commercial and industrial loans	9,783	14.0	879,092	14.0	10,257	14.8	747,819	12.1		
Equipment financing agreements	15,686	22.7	507,279	8.1	13,706	19.7	582,215	9.4		
Total	\$ 69,163	100.0 %	\$ 6,257,744	100.0 %	\$ 69,462	100.0 %	\$ 6,182,434	100.0 %		

The following table represents the amortized cost basis of collateral-dependent loans by class of loans, for which repayment is expected to be obtained through the sale of the underlying collateral, as of:

	<b>September 30, 2024</b>	December 31, 2023
	(in to	housands)
Real estate loans:		
Commercial property		
Retail	1,683	\$ 1,530
Hospitality	266	338
Other	_	305
Total commercial property loans	1,949	2,173
Construction	1,194	_
Residential	1,873	1
Total real estate loans	5,016	2,174
Commercial and industrial loans	_	5,178
Total	5,016	\$ 7,352

#### **Loan Quality Indicators**

As part of the on-going monitoring of the quality of our loans portfolio, we utilize an internal loan grading system to identify credit risk and assign an appropriate grade (from 1 to 8) for each loan in our portfolio. Third-party loan reviews are conducted annually on a sample basis. Additional adjustments are made when determined to be necessary. The loan grade definitions are as follows:

Pass and Pass-Watch: Pass and Pass-Watch loans, grades (1-4), are in compliance with the Bank's credit policy and regulatory requirements, and do not exhibit any potential or defined weaknesses as defined under "Special Mention", "Substandard"

or "Doubtful." This category is the strongest level of the Bank's loan grading system. It consists of all performing loans with no identified credit weaknesses. It includes cash and stock/security secured loans or other investment grade loans.

**Special Mention:** A Special Mention loan, grade (5), has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If not corrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment of the debt and result in a Substandard classification. Loans that have significant actual, not potential, weaknesses are considered more severely classified.

**Substandard:** A Substandard loan, grade (6), has a well-defined weakness that jeopardizes the liquidation of the debt. A loan graded Substandard is not protected by the sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower, or of the value and type of collateral pledged. With a Substandard loan, there is a distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the weaknesses or deficiencies are not corrected.

**Doubtful:** A Doubtful loan, grade (7), is one that has critical weaknesses that would make the collection or liquidation of the full amount due improbable. However, there may be pending events which may work to strengthen the loan, and therefore the amount or timing of a possible loss cannot be determined at the current time.

Loss: A loan classified as Loss, grade (8), is considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as active bank assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the loan has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off this asset even though partial recovery may be possible in the future. Loans classified as Loss will be charged off in a timely manner.

Under regulatory guidance, loans graded special mention or worse are considered criticized loans, and loans graded substandard or worse are considered classified loans.

#### Loans by Vintage Year and Risk Rating

## Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year (1)

	Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year					Payabing				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	Prior	Revolving Loans Amortized Cost Basis	Total		
				(in thousands)						
September 30, 2024 Real estate loans:										
Commercial property Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	\$ 433,413	\$ 558,091	\$ 941,253	\$ 821,086 \$	559,560 \$	343,178	\$ 62,712 \$	3,719,293		
Special Mention	_	32,950		_	1,302	76,970		111,222		
Classified	523	_	6,999	3,192	71	6,024	_	16,809		
Total commercial property	433,936	591,041	948,252	824,278	560,933	426,172	62,712	3,847,324		
YTD gross charge-offs						93		93		
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	(17)	(728)	_	(745)		
Construction										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	56,092	27,478	_	_	_	_	_	83,570		
Special Mention	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Classified	1,194	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,194		
Total construction	57,286	27,478						84,764		
YTD gross charge-offs	_	_	_	_	1,133	_	_	1,133		
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	1,133	_	_	1,133		
Residential										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	82,446	217,473	361,552	148,635	11,851	109,407	7,347	938,711		
Special Mention	_	_	_	_	_	_	250	250		
Classified	 82,446	217,473	 361,552	148,635	324 12,175	109,407		324 939,285		
Total residential	62,440	217,473	301,332	146,033	12,173	109,407		939,283		
YTD gross charge-offs YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	_	(2)	_	(2)		
						. ,		( )		
Total real estate loans										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	571,951	803,042	1,302,805	969,721	571,411	452,585	70,059	4,741,574		
Special Mention		32,950	-	_	1,302	76,970	250	111,472		
Classified	1,717 573,668	835,992	6,999 1,309,804	3,192 972,913	395 573,108	6,024 535,579	70,309	18,327 4,871,373		
Total real estate loans	3/3,008	833,992	1,309,804		3/3,108	333,379	/0,309	4,8/1,3/3		
YTD gross charge-offs	_	_	_	_	1,133	93	_	1,226		
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	1,116	(730)	_	386		
Commercial and industrial loans:										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	222,285	63,975	124,076	45,344	14,705	15,257	372,867	858,509		
Special Mention	20,060	_	_	_	_	44	_	20,104		
Classified	154	63,975	78	-	14.705	247	372,867	479		
Total commercial and industrial loans	242,499		124,154	45,344	14,705	15,548		879,092		
YTD gross charge-offs YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	82 82	168 163	(13)	11 11	175 114	2 (1,822)	438 (1,465)		
1 1D net charge-ons (recoveries)	_	82	103	(13)	11	114	(1,822)	(1,463 )		
Equipment financing agreements:										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	107,615	160,910	148,909	63,155	11,422	5,696	_	497,707		
Special Mention	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Classified	258	1,942	4,350	2,488	219	315	_	9,572		
Total equipment financing agreements	107,873	162,852	153,259	65,643	11,641	6,011		507,279		
YTD gross charge-offs	_	844	3,803	1,404	318	229	_	6,598		
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	795	3,315	1,100	259	(127)	_	5,342		
Total loans receivable:										
Risk Rating										
Pass / Pass-Watch	901,851	1,027,927	1,575,790	1,078,220	597,538	473,538	442,926	6,097,790		
Special Mention	20,060	32,950	- 11 427		1,302	77,014	250	131,576		
Classified	2,129 \$ 924,040	1,942 \$ 1,062,819	11,427 \$ 1,587,217	5,680 \$ 1,083,900 \$	614 <b>599,454</b> \$	6,586 <b>557,138</b>	\$ 443,176 <b>\$</b>	28,378 <b>6,257,744</b>		
Total loans receivable		926				497				
YTD gross charge-offs YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	926 877	3,971 3,478	1,404 1,087	1,462 1,386	497 (743)	2 (1,822)	8,262 4,263		
1 1D liet charge-ons (recoveries)	_	8//	3,470	1,007	1,500	(743)	(1,022)	4,203		

 $<sup>{\</sup>it (1)} Includes\ extensions,\ renewals,\ or\ modifications\ of\ credit\ contracts,\ which\ consist\ of\ a\ new\ credit\ decision.$ 

Term Loans

Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Prior	Revolving Loans Amortized Cost Basis	Total
December 31, 2023								
Real estate loans:								
Commercial property								
Risk Rating								
Pass / Pass-Watch	\$ 683,81		\$ 858,821	\$ 572,950	\$ 378,067	\$ 238,400	\$ 30,236	\$ 3,749,115
Special Mention	4,40		3,271	5,670	711	2,310	1,406	21,765
Classified	3,06		4,899		5,578	3,892		18,514
Total commercial property	691,28	4 991,899	866,991	578,620	384,356	244,602	31,642	3,789,394
YTD gross charge-offs	-		_	411	_	216	_	627
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	-		_	403	_	(81)	_	322
Construction Risk Rating								
Pass / Pass-Watch	72,03	9 _	_	_	_	_	_	72,039
Special Mention	72,05		28,306	_	_	_	_	28,306
Classified	_			_	_	_	_	
Total construction	72,03	9 —	28,306	_	_	_	_	100,345
YTD gross charge-offs								
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ş								
Residential								
Risk Rating								
Pass / Pass-Watch	290,19	6 375,712	158,618	12,656	217	119,736	5,025	962,160
Special Mention	-		_	_	_	_	500	500
Classified	-		_	_	_	1	_	1
Total residential	290,19	6 375,712	158,618	12,656	217	119,737	5,525	962,661
YTD gross charge-offs	-		_	_	_	_	_	_
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	-		_	_	_	(7)	_	(7)
Total real estate loans								
Risk Rating Pass / Pass-Watch	1,046,05	4 1,362,534	1,017,439	585,606	378,284	358,136	35,261	4,783,314
Special Mention	1,046,03		31,577	5,670	711	2,310	1,906	50,571
Classified	3,06		4,899	5,070	5,578	3,893	1,700	18,515
Total real estate loans	1,053,51		1,053,915	591,276	384,573	364,339	37,167	4,852,400
YTD gross charge-offs		= =====		411		216		627
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)				403		(88)		315
11D het change-ons (recoveries)				403		(66)		515
Commercial and industrial loans:								
Risk Rating								
Pass / Pass-Watch	177,86	4 169,209	84,198	31,348	9,971	12,920	242,044	727,554
Special Mention	_	- 14,578	_	102	_	65	(1)	14,744
Classified	32		_	_	79	174	4,939	5,521
Total commercial and industrial loans	178,19		84,198	31,450	10,050	13,159	246,982	747,819
YTD gross charge-offs	_	- 17	_	_	110	410	6,120	6,657
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	-	- 5	(7)	_	101	(6,621)	6,090	(432)
Equipment financing agreements:								
Risk Rating					40.000	2.402		
Pass / Pass-Watch	215,67	0 211,228	101,622	24,340	18,832	3,192	_	574,884
Special Mention	39		_	365	401	_	_	_
Classified	39.	4,171	1,945	303	401	57	_	7,331
Total equipment financing agreements	216,06	2 215,399	103,567	24,705	19,233	3,249		582,215
YTD gross charge-offs	17	8 3,944	3,267	386	799	232		8,806
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	17		2,858	244	250	(114)	_	7,160
Total loans receivable:								
Risk Rating								
Pass / Pass-Watch	1,439,58		1,203,259	641,294	407,087	374,248	277,305	6,085,752
Special Mention	4,40		31,577	5,772	711	2,375	1,905	65,315
Classified	3,78		6,844	365	6,058	4,124	4,939	31,367
Total loans receivable	\$ 1,447,77		\$ 1,241,680	\$ 647,431	\$ 413,856	\$ 380,747	\$ 284,149	\$ 6,182,434
YTD gross charge-offs	17		3,267	797	909	858	6,120	16,090
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	17	8 3,749	2,851	647	351	(6,823)	6,090	7,043

 $<sup>{\ }^{(1)}</sup> Includes\ extensions,\ renewals,\ or\ modifications\ of\ credit\ contracts,\ which\ consist\ of\ a\ new\ credit\ decision.$ 

#### Loans by Vintage Year and Payment Performance

## Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year (1)

			Amortized Cost Basis by	Origination Year (1)				
	2024	2023	2022	2021 (in thousands)	2020	Prior	Revolving Loans Amortized Cost Basis	Total
September 30, 2024				(in inousanas)				
Real estate loans:								
Commercial property								
Payment performance								
Performing	\$ 433,936	\$ 591,041	\$ 947,246	\$ 824,278	\$ 560,933	\$ 424,634	\$ 62,712	\$ 3,844,780
Nonperforming	_	_	1,006	_	_	1,538	_	2,544
Total commercial property	433,936	591,041	948,252	824,278	560,933	426,172	62,712	3,847,324
YTD gross charge-offs	_	_	_	_	_	93	_	93
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	(17)	(728)	_	(745)
Construction Payment performance								
Performing	56,092	27,478						83,570
Nonperforming	1,194	27,476	_					1,194
Total construction	57,286	27,478	_	_	_	_	_	84,764
YTD gross charge-offs					1,133			1,133
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	1,133	_	_	1,133
5					,			,
Residential								
Payment performance								
Performing	82,446	217,473	360,970	148,635	11,849	108,444	7,597	937,414
Nonperforming	_	_	582	_	326	963	_	1,871
Total residential	82,446	217,473	361,552	148,635	12,175	109,407	7,597	939,285
YTD gross charge-offs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	_	(2)	_	(2)
Total real estate loans								
Payment performance								
Performing	572,474	835,992	1,308,216	972,913	572,782	533,078	70,309	4,865,764
Nonperforming	1,194	_	1,588	_	326	2,501	_	5,609
Total real estate loans	573,668	835,992	1,309,804	972,913	573,108	535,579	70,309	4,871,373
YTD gross charge-offs		_			1,133	93		1,226
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	1,116	(730)	_	386
Commercial and industrial loans:								
Payment performance Performing	242,499	63,733	124,154	45,344	14,705	15,548	372,867	878,850
Nonperforming	242,499	242	124,134	43,344	14,/05	13,348	3/2,80/	242
Total commercial and industrial								
loans	242,499	63,975	124,154	45,344	14,705	15,548	372,867	879,092
YTD gross charge-offs	_	82	168	_	11	175	2	438
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	82	163	(13)	11	114	(1,822)	(1,465)
Equipment financing agreements:								
Payment performance								
Performing	107,615	160,910	148,875	63,122	11,422	5,696	_	497,640
Nonperforming	258	1,942	4,384	2,521	219	315	_	9,639
Total equipment financing							_	
agreements	107,873	162,852	153,259	65,643	11,641	6,011		507,279
YTD gross charge-offs	_	844	3,803	1,404	318	229	_	6,598
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	795	3,315	1,100	259	(127)	_	5,342
Total loans receivable:  Payment performance								
Performing	922,588	1,060,635	1,581,245	1,081,379	598,909	554,322	443,176	6,242,254
Nonperforming	1,452	2,184	5,972	2,521	545	2,816	_	15,490
Total loans receivable	\$ 924,040	\$ 1,062,819	\$ 1,587,217	\$ 1,083,900	\$ 599,454	\$ 557,138	\$ 443,176	\$ 6,257,744
YTD gross charge-offs	_	926	3,971	1,404	1,462	497	2	8,262
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	877	3,478	1,087	1,386	(743)	(1,822)	4,263

 $<sup>{\ }^{(1)}</sup> Includes\ extensions,\ renewals,\ or\ modifications\ of\ credit\ contracts,\ which\ consist\ of\ a\ new\ credit\ decision.$ 

Term Loans

Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year (1)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Prior	Revolving Loans Amortized Cost Basis	Total
December 31, 2023 Real estate loans: Commercial property								
Payment performance								
Performing	\$ 689,449	\$ 991,899	\$ 866,841	\$ 578,620	\$ 384,275	\$ 243,819	\$ 31,642	\$ 3,786,545
Nonperforming	1,835	_	150	_	81	783	_	2,849
Total commercial property	691,284	991,899	866,991	578,620	384,356	244,602	31,642	3,789,394
YTD gross charge-offs				411		216		627
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	403	_	(81)	_	322
Construction								
Payment performance								
Performing	72,039	_	28,306	_	_	_	_	100,345
Nonperforming	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total construction	72,039		28,306					100,345
YTD gross charge-offs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Residential Payment performance								
Performing	290,196	375,712	158,618	12,656	217	119,736	5,525	962,660
Nonperforming	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1
Total residential	290,196	375,712	158,618	12,656	217	119,737	5,525	962,661
YTD gross charge-offs								
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	_	_	(7)	_	(7)
Total real estate loans								
Payment performance								
Performing	1,051,684	1,367,611	1,053,765	591,276	384,492	363,555	37,167	4,849,550
Nonperforming	1,835		150		81	784		2,850
Total real estate loans	1,053,519	1,367,611	1,053,915	591,276	384,573	364,339	37,167	4,852,400
YTD gross charge-offs				411		216		627
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	_	_	403	_	(88)	_	315
Commercial and industrial loans:								
Payment performance								
Performing	177,864	183,787	84,198	31,415	10,050	13,066	242,134	742,514
Nonperforming	329			35	_	93	4,848	5,305
Total commercial and industrial loans	178,193	183,787	84,198	31,450	10,050	13,159	246,982	747,819
YTD gross charge-offs		17	_		110	410	6,120	6,657
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	_	5	(7)	_	101	(6,621)	6,090	(432)
Equipment financing agreements:								
Payment performance Performing	215,670	211,228	101,622	24,340	18,844	3,192		574,896
ē.	392	4,171	1,945	24,340 365	18,844	3,192 57	_	7,319
Nonperforming	216,062	215,399	1,943	24,705	19,233	3,249	_	582,215
Total equipment financing agreements								
YTD gross charge-offs	178	3,944	3,267	386	799	232	_	8,806
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	178	3,744	2,858	244	250	(114)	_	7,160
Total loans receivable: Payment performance								
Performing	1,445,218	1,762,626	1,239,585	647,031	413,386	379,813	279,301	6,166,960
Nonperforming	2,556	4,171	2,095	400	470	934	4,848	15,474
Total loans receivable	\$ 1,447,774	\$ 1,766,797	\$ 1,241,680	\$ 647,431	\$ 413,856	\$ 380,747	\$ 284,149	\$ 6,182,434
YTD gross charge-offs	178	3,961	3,267	797	909	858	6,120	16,090
YTD net charge-offs (recoveries)	178	3,749	2,851	647	351	(6,823)	6,090	7,043

 $<sup>{\ }^{(1)}</sup> Includes\ extensions,\ renewals,\ or\ modifications\ of\ credit\ contracts,\ which\ consist\ of\ a\ new\ credit\ decision.$ 

The following is an aging analysis of loans, including loans on nonaccrual status, disaggregated by loan class, as of:

		30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due			90 Days or More Past Due (in thousands)		Total Past Due		Current		Total
September 30, 2024						,						
Real estate loans:												
Commercial property												
Retail	\$	870	\$	262	\$	_	\$	1,132	\$	1,086,301	\$	1,087,433
Hospitality		775		_		_		775		818,242		819,017
Office		812		_		_		812		570,768		571,580
Other		253		350		_		603		1,368,691		1,369,294
Total commercial property												
loans		2,710		612		_		3,322		3,844,002		3,847,324
Construction		1,194		_		_		1,194		83,570		84,764
Residential		3,642		2,856				6,498		932,787		939,285
Total real estate loans		7,546		3,468		_		11,014		4,860,359		4,871,373
Commercial and industrial loans		627		206		242		1,075		878,017		879,092
Equipment financing agreements		6,287		2,751		5,734		14,772		492,507		507,279
Total loans receivable	\$	14,460	\$	6,425	\$	5,976	\$	26,861	\$	6,230,883	\$	6,257,744
December 31, 2023												
Real estate loans:												
Commercial property												
Retail	\$	632	\$	_	\$	_	\$	632	\$	1,106,728	\$	1,107,360
Hospitality	Ψ		Ψ	150	Ψ	22	Ψ	172	Ψ	740,347	Ψ	740,519
Office		_								574,981		574,981
Other		592		_		_		592		1,365,942		1,366,534
Total commercial property		372						372		1,505,712		1,500,551
loans		1,224		150		22		1,396		3,787,998		3,789,394
Construction		, —		_		_		_		100,345		100,345
Residential		521		336		1		858		961,803		962,661
Total real estate loans		1,745		486		23		2,254		4,850,146		4,852,400
		,				5,178		5,374				
Commercial and industrial loans		76		120						742,445		747,819
Equipment financing agreements	•	7,138	•	2,134	•	4,551	•	13,823	•	568,392	Φ.	582,215
Total loans receivable	\$	8,959	\$	2,740	\$	9,752	\$	21,451	\$	6,160,983	\$	6,182,434

#### Nonaccrual Loans and Nonperforming Assets

The following tables represent the amortized cost basis of loans on nonaccrual status and loans past due 90 days and still accruing as of:

	crual Loans	None	1.7					
No All	With owance for lit Losses	Nonaccrual Loans With Allowance for Credit Losses			Loans Past Due 90 Days Still Accruing	Total Nonperforming Loans		
			(in thou	sands)				
\$	1,803	\$	509	\$	_	\$	2,312	
	224		_		_		224	
	_		_		_		_	
	_		9		_		9	
	2,027		518		_		2,545	
	1,194		_		_		1,194	
	1,871		_		_		1,871	
	5,092		518		_		5,610	
	_		_		241		241	
	566		9,073		_		9,639	
\$	5,658	\$	9,591	\$	241	\$	15,490	
		224 — 2,027 1,194 1,871 5,092 — 566	\$ 1,803 \$ 224 \$ \$ \$ 224 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,027 \$ 1,194 \$ 1,871 \$ 5,092 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 1,803 \$ 509 224 — —————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,803 \$ 509 \$ 224	\$ 1,803 \$ 509 \$ —  224 — — —  — — 9 —  2,027 518 —  1,194 — —  1,871 — —  5,092 518 —  — 241  566 9,073 —	\$ 1,803 \$ 509 \$ — \$  224 — — —  — 9 —  2,027 518 —  1,194 — —  1,871 — —  5,092 518 —  — 241  566 9,073 —	

	December 31, 2023										
	Nonaccrual Loans With No Allowance for Credit Losses		Nonaccrual Loans With Allowance for Credit Losses			Loans Past Due 90 Days Still Accruing	1	Total Nonperforming Loans			
				(in thou	sands)	1					
Real estate loans:											
Commercial property											
Retail	\$	1,717	\$	321	\$	_	\$	2,038			
Hospitality		338		150		_		488			
Other		305		18		_		323			
Total commercial property loans		2,360		489		_		2,849			
Residential		1		_		_		1			
Total real estate loans		2,361		489		_		2,850			
Commercial and industrial loans		5,213		92		_		5,305			
Equipment financing agreements		570		6,749		_		7,319			
Total	\$	8,144	\$	7,330	\$	_	\$	15,474			

The Company recognized \$11,000 and \$26,000 of interest income on nonaccrual loans for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Interest income recognized on nonaccrual loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$49,000 and \$160,000, respectively.

The following table details nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated:

	<b>September 30, 2024</b>	December 31, 2023
	(in thousands)	
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 15,249 \$	15,474
Loans receivable 90 days or more past due and still accruing	241	_
Total nonperforming loans receivable*	15,490	15,474
Other real estate owned ("OREO")	772	117
Total nonperforming assets**	\$ 16,262	15,591

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes a \$27.2 million nonperforming loan held-for-sale.

OREO of \$0.8 million and \$0.1 million is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

#### **Loan Modifications**

The following table presents loan modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, by type of modification, with related amortized cost balances, respective percentage shares of the total class of loans, and the related financial effect, for the periods indicated:

			Term Extension					
	% of Total Class of							
	Amorti	zed Cost Basis	Loans	Financial Effect				
	(in	thousands)						
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2024								
Commercial and industrial loans	\$	20,060	2.0 %	1 loan with term extension of 6 years				

The modified loan above is current at September 30, 2024.

No loans were modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Note 4 — Servicing Assets

The activity in servicing assets was as follows for the periods indicated:			
	Three Months End	led Septembe	er 30,
	2024		2023
	(in thou	sands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 6,836	\$	7,352
Addition related to sale of loans	461		396
Amortization	(614)		(592)
Balance at end of period	\$ 6,683	\$	7,156
	Nine Months End	ed Septembe	r 30,
	2024		2023
	(in thou	sands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 7,070	\$	7,176
Addition related to sale of loans	1,593		1,410
Amortization	(1,980)		(1,815)
Change in valuation allowance	_		385
Balance at end of period	\$ 6,683	\$	7,156

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes repossessed personal property of \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we serviced loans sold to unaffiliated parties of \$535.6 million and \$539.6 million, respectively. These represented loans that were sold for which the Bank continues to provide servicing. These loans are maintained off-balance sheet and are not included in the loans receivable balance. At September 30, 2024, all of the loans serviced were SBA loans, except for \$20.9 million of residential mortgage loans.

The Company recorded servicing fee income of \$1.3 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and \$4.0 million and \$3.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Servicing fee income, net of the amortization of servicing assets, is included in other operating income in the consolidated statements of income. Amortization expense was \$0.6 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and \$2.0 million and \$1.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The fair value of servicing rights was \$8.0 million at September 30, 2024 and was determined using discount rates ranging from 10.6% to 28.8% and prepayment speeds ranging from 11.3% to 21.7%, depending on the stratification of the specific right. The fair value of servicing rights was \$7.7 million at December 31, 2023 and was determined using discount rates ranging from 14.4% to 24.7% and prepayment speeds ranging from 12.2% to 19.7%, depending on the stratification of the specific right.

#### Note 5 — Income Taxes

The Company's income tax expense was \$6.2 million and \$7.9 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 29.5% and 29.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company's income tax expense was \$18.8 million and \$25.7 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 29.7% and 29.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Management concluded that as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, a valuation allowance of \$1.8 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, was appropriate against certain state net operating loss carry forwards. For all other deferred tax assets, management believes it was more likely than not these deferred tax assets will be realized principally through future taxable income and reversal of existing taxable temporary differences. Net deferred tax assets were \$35.1 million and \$35.2 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

As of September 30, 2024, the Company was subject to examination by various taxing authorities for its federal tax returns for the periods ended after December 31, 2019 and state tax returns for the periods ended after December 31, 2018. During the quarter ended September 30, 2024, there was no material change to the Company's uncertain tax positions. The Company does not expect its unrecognized tax positions to change significantly over the next twelve months.

#### Note 6 — Goodwill and other Intangibles

The goodwill of \$11.0 million was recorded as a result of the acquisition of an equipment financing agreements portfolio in 2016. The core deposit intangible of \$2.2 million was recognized for the core deposits acquired in a 2014 acquisition. The Company's intangible assets were as follows for the periods indicated:

	September 30, 2024									December 31, 2023					
	Amortization Period	Gross n Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization				Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization			Net arrying amount		
							(in ti	housai	nds)						
Core deposit intangible	10 years	\$	2,213	\$	(2,213)	\$	_	\$	2,213	\$	(2,145)	\$	68		
Third-party originator's															
intangible	7 years		_		_		_		483		(483)		_		
Goodwill	N/A		11,031		_		11,031		11,031		_		11,031		
Total intangible assets		\$	13,244	\$	(2,213)	\$	11,031	\$	13,727	\$	(2,628)	\$	11,099		

The Company performed an impairment analysis in the third quarter of 2024 and determined there was no impairment as of September 30, 2024. No triggering event occurred as of, or subsequent to September 30, 2024, that would require a reassessment of goodwill and other intangible assets.

#### Note 7 — Deposits

The scheduled maturities of time deposits are as follows for the periods indicated:

		osits More n \$250,000	Other Time Deposits (in thousands)	Total		
At September 30, 2024						
2024	\$	483,557	\$ 611,360	\$	1,094,917	
2025		500,345	771,255		1,271,600	
2026		264	4,945		5,209	
2027		_	1,218		1,218	
2028 and thereafter		_	366		366	
Total	<u>\$</u>	984,166	\$ 1,389,144	\$	2,373,310	
At December 31, 2023						
2024	\$	995,830	\$ 1,444,509	\$	2,440,339	
2025		3,928	6,205		10,133	
2026		263	3,142		3,405	
2027		_	572		572	
2028 and thereafter		_	418		418	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,000,021	\$ 1,454,846	\$	2,454,867	

Accrued interest payable on deposits was \$52.7 million and \$39.2 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Total deposits reclassified to loans due to overdrafts at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were \$1.5 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

#### Note 8 — Borrowings and Subordinated Debentures

At September 30, 2024, the Bank had \$200.0 million of open advances and \$100.0 million of term advances at the FHLB with a weighted average interest rate of 5.21% and 4.02%, respectively. At December 31, 2023, the Bank had \$212.5 million of open advances and \$112.5 million of term advances at the FHLB with a weighted average rate of 5.70% and 2.77%, respectively. Interest expense on borrowings for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$5.1 million and \$4.8 million, respectively.

		September	30, 2024	December 31, 2023						
	Outstanding Balance		Weighted Average Rate	Outstanding Balance	Weighted Average Rate					
	(dollars in thousands)									
Open advances	\$	200,000	5.21 % \$	212,500	5.70 %					
Advances due within 12 months		12,500	1.90	37,500	0.40					
Advances due over 12 months through 24 months		87,500	4.32	12,500	1.90					
Advances due over 24 months through 36 months		_	<del>_</del>	62,500	4.37					
Outstanding advances	\$	300,000	4.81 %	325,000	4.69 %					

The following is financial data pertaining to FHLB advances:

	September 30, 2024			December 31, 2023		
	(dollars in thousands)					
Weighted-average interest rate at end of period		4.81 %			4.69 %	
Weighted-average interest rate during the period		4.31 %			3.48 %	
Average balance of FHLB advances	\$	158,312	\$		197,390	
Maximum amount outstanding at any month-end	\$	350,000	\$	4	450,000	

The Bank maintains a secured credit facility with the FHLB, allowing the Bank to borrow on an overnight, open (no maturity) and a term basis. The Bank had pledged \$2.44 billion and \$2.36 billion of loans at carrying values as collateral with the FHLB as of

September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The remaining available borrowing capacity was \$1.24 billion and \$1.09 billion at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The Bank also had securities pledged with the FRB with market values of \$31.5 million and \$24.8 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The pledged securities provided \$29.5 million, and \$23.2 million in available borrowing capacity through the Fed Discount Window as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

On August 20, 2021, the Company issued \$110.0 million of Fixed-to-Floating Subordinated Notes ("2031 Notes") with a maturity date of September 1, 2031. The 2031 Notes have an initial fixed interest rate of 3.75% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, up to but excluding September 1, 2026. From and including September 1, 2026 and thereafter, the 2031 Notes will bear interest at a floating rate per annum equal to the Three-Month Term SOFR plus 310 basis points, payable quarterly in arrears on March 1, June 1, September 1 and December 1 of each year. If the then current three-month term SOFR rate is less than zero, the three-month SOFR will be deemed to be zero. Debt issuance cost was \$2.1 million, which is being amortized through the 2031 Notes' maturity date. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the balance of the 2031 Notes included in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet, net of issuance cost, was \$108.5 million and \$108.3 million, respectively.

The Company assumed Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures ("Subordinated Debentures") as a result of an acquisition in 2014 with an unpaid principal balance of \$26.8 million and an estimated fair value of \$18.5 million. The \$8.3 million discount is being amortized to interest expense through the debentures' maturity date of March 15, 2036. A trust was formed in 2005 which issued \$26.0 million of Trust Preferred Securities ("TPS") at a 6.26% fixed rate for the first five years and a variable rate of three-month LIBOR plus 140 basis points thereafter and invested the proceeds in the Subordinated Debentures. Beginning September 15, 2023, the variable rate on the TPS changed to three-month SOFR plus 166 basis points, representing the credit spread of 140 basis points and a 26 basis point adjustment to convert three-month LIBOR to three-month SOFR. The rate on the TPS at September 30, 2024 was 6.61%. The TPS will be subject to mandatory redemption if the Subordinated Debentures are repaid by the Company. Interest is payable quarterly, and the Company has the option to defer interest payments on the Subordinated Debentures from time to time for a period not to exceed five consecutive years. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the balance of Subordinated Debentures included in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, net of discount of \$4.8 million and \$5.1 million, was \$22.0 million and \$21.7 million, respectively. The amortization of discount was \$112,000 and \$106,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and \$324,000 and \$314,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### Note 9 — Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated on both a basic and a diluted basis. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted from the issuance of common stock that then shared in earnings, excluding common shares in treasury. For diluted EPS, the weighted-average number of common shares includes the impact of unvested performance stock units ("PSUs") under the treasury method.

Unvested restricted stock containing rights to non-forfeitable dividends are considered participating securities prior to vesting and have been included in the earnings allocation in computing basic and diluted EPS under the two-class method.

The following table is a reconciliation of the components used to derive basic and diluted EPS for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,						
		2024		2023		2024		2023				
	(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)											
Basic EPS												
Net income	\$	14,892	\$	18,796	\$	44,506	\$	61,408				
Less: income allocated to unvested restricted stock		131		117		352		381				
Income allocated to common shares	\$	14,761	\$	18,679	\$	44,154	\$	61,027				
Weighted-average shares for basic EPS		29,968,004		30,251,961		30,048,748		30,296,991				
Basic EPS (1)	\$	0.49	\$	0.62	\$	1.47	\$	2.01				
Effect of dilutive stock options and unvested performance stock units		65,675		40,911		68,521		41,687				
Diluted EPS												
Income allocated to common shares	\$	14,761	\$	18,679	\$	44,154	\$	61,027				
Weighted-average shares for diluted EPS		30,033,679		30,292,872		30,117,269		30,338,678				
	\$		\$		\$		\$					
Diluted EPS (1)		0.49		0.62		1.47		2.01				

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share amounts may not be able to be recalculated using net income and weighted-average shares presented above due to rounding.

On a weighted-average basis, options to purchase 28,000 and 61,000 shares of common stock were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. There were 91,732 anti-dilutive unvested PSUs outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, 88,598 PSUs were awarded to executive officers from the 2021 Equity Compensation Plan, with a fair value of \$1.3 million on the grant date of April 1, 2024. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company issued 53,696 PSUs to executive officers from the 2021 Equity Compensation Plan, with a fair value of \$1.1 million on the grant date of March 10, 2023. These units have a three-year cliff vesting period and include dividend equivalent rights. Total PSUs outstanding as September 30, 2024 were 180,330 with an aggregate grant fair value of \$3.4 million. Total PSUs outstanding as of September 30, 2023 were 134,358 with an aggregate grant fair value of \$2.9 million.

#### Note 10 — Regulatory Matters

Federal bank regulatory agencies require bank holding companies and banks to maintain a minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to risk-weighted assets of 8.0% and a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 6.0%. In addition to the risk-based guidelines, federal bank regulatory agencies require bank holding companies and banks to maintain a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to average assets, referred to as the leverage ratio, of 4.0%.

In order for banks to be considered "well capitalized," federal bank regulatory agencies require a minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to risk-weighted assets of 10.0% and a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 8.0%. In addition to the risk-based guidelines, federal bank regulatory agencies require depository institutions to maintain a minimum ratio of Tier 1 capital to average assets, referred to as the leverage ratio, of 5.0%.

At September 30, 2024, the Bank's capital ratios exceeded the minimum requirements for the Bank to be considered "well capitalized" and the Company exceeded all of its applicable minimum regulatory capital ratio requirements.

A capital conservation buffer of 2.5% must be met to avoid limitations on the ability of the Bank and the Company to pay dividends, repurchase shares or pay discretionary bonuses. The Bank's capital conservation buffer was 6.27% and 6.27% and the Company's capital conservation buffer was 6.29% and 6.20% as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

In March 2020, federal banking agencies announced an interim final rule to delay the impact on regulatory capital arising from the implementation of CECL. The interim final rule maintains the three-year transition option in the previous rule and provides banks the option to delay for two years an estimate of CECL's effect on regulatory capital, relative to the incurred loss methodology's effect on regulatory capital, followed by a three-year transition period (five-year transition option). The Company and the Bank adopted the capital transition relief over the permissible five-year period.

The capital ratios of Hanmi Financial and the Bank as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were as follows:

			Minimum			Minimum	
			Regulatory			Categori	
	Actual		Requirement			"Well Capi	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio
			(dollars in thousa	inds)			
September 30, 2024							
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 970,961	15.03 %	516,490	8.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 921,905	14.27 %	\$ 516,490	8.00 %	\$	645,612	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 793,728	12.29 %	387,368	6.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 854,672	13.23 %	\$ 387,367	6.00 %	\$	516,490	8.00 %
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 771,741	11.95 %	\$ 290,526	4.50 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 854,672	13.23 %	\$ 290,525	4.50 %	\$	419,648	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to average assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 793,728	10.56 %	\$ 300,755	4.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 854,672	11.43 %	\$ 299,224	4.00 %	\$	374,030	5.00 %
December 31, 2023							
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 947,286	14.95 %	\$ 506,891	8.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 904,153	14.27 %	\$ 506,741	8.00 %	\$	633,426	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 773,179	12.20 %	\$ 380,168	6.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 840,046	13.26 %	\$ 380,056	6.00 %	\$	506,741	8.00 %
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 751,516	11.86 %	\$ 285,126	4.50 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 840,046	13.26 %	\$ 285,042	4.50 %	\$	411,727	6.50 %
Tier 1 capital (to average assets):							
Hanmi Financial	\$ 773,179	10.37 %	\$ 298,277	4.00 %		N/A	N/A
Hanmi Bank	\$ 840,046	11.32 %	\$ 296,948	4.00 %	\$	371,185	5.00 %
	•		•			*	

#### Note 11 — Fair Value Measurements

#### Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value including a three-level valuation hierarchy, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The three-level fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are defined as follows:

- •Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- •Level 2 Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- •Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

Fair value is used on a recurring basis for certain assets and liabilities in which fair value is the primary basis of accounting. Additionally, fair value is used on a non-recurring basis to evaluate assets or liabilities for impairment or for disclosure purposes.

We record securities available for sale at fair value on a recurring basis. Certain other assets, such as loans held for sale, impaired loans, OREO, and core deposit intangible, are recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Non-recurring fair value measurements typically involve assets that are periodically evaluated for impairment and for which any impairment is recorded in the period in which the re-measurement is performed.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument below:

Securities available for sale - The fair values of securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities, or other model-based valuation techniques requiring observable inputs other than quoted prices such as yield curve, prepayment speeds, and default rates. Level 1 securities include U.S. Treasury securities that are traded on an active exchange or by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets. The fair value of these securities is determined by quoted prices on an active exchange or over-the-counter market. Level 2 securities primarily include U.S. government agency and sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and debt securities as well as municipal bonds in markets that are active. In determining the fair value of the securities categorized as Level 2, we obtain reports from nationally recognized broker-dealers detailing the fair value of each investment security held as of each reporting date. The broker-dealers use prices obtained from nationally recognized pricing services to value our fixed income securities. The fair value of the municipal securities is determined based on pricing data provided by nationally recognized pricing services. We review the prices obtained for reasonableness based on our understanding of the marketplace, and also consider any credit issues related to the bonds. As we have not made any adjustments to the market quotes provided to us and as they are based on observable market data, they have been categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. Level 3 securities are instruments that are not traded in the market. As such, no obs

Derivatives – The fair values of derivatives are based on valuation models using observable market data as of the measurement date (Level 2). Our derivatives are traded in an over-the-counter market where quoted market prices are not always available. Therefore, the fair values of derivatives are determined using quantitative models that utilize multiple market inputs. The inputs will vary based on the type of derivative, but could include interest rates, prices and indices to generate continuous yield or pricing curves, prepayment rates, and volatility factors to value the position. The majority of market inputs are actively quoted and can be validated through external sources, including brokers, market transactions and third-party pricing services.

Loans held for sale - Loans held for sale includes the guaranteed portion of SBA 7(a) loans carried at the lower of cost or fair value. Management obtains quotes, bids or pricing indication sheets on all or part of the loans directly from the purchasing financial institutions. Premiums received or to be received on the quotes, bids or pricing indication sheets are indicative of the fact that cost is lower than fair value. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the SBA 7(a) loans held for sale were recorded at its cost. We record SBA 7(a) loans held for sale on a nonrecurring basis with Level 2 inputs. At September 30, 2024, loans held for sale included a loan for a completed construction loan with a Level 1 input. Additionally, we carried a balance at September 30, 2024 on a pool of mortgage loans held for sale with a Level 1 input valuation.

Nonperforming loans – Nonaccrual loans receivable and loans 90-days past due and still accruing interest are considered nonperforming for reporting purposes. All nonperforming loans with a carrying balance over \$250,000 are individually evaluated for the amount of impairment, if any. Nonperforming loans with a carrying balance of \$250,000 or less are evaluated collectively. However, from time to time, nonrecurring fair value adjustments to collateral dependent nonperforming loans, for which repayment is expected to be obtained through the sale of the underlying collateral, are recorded based on either the current appraised value of the collateral, or management's judgment, that are then adjusted based on recent market trends. When the fair value of the collateral is less than the book value, a valuation allowance is established to carry the loan at the fair value of the collateral, and results in a Level 3 measurement.

OREO - Fair value of OREO is based primarily on third party appraisals, less costs to sell and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Appraisals are required annually and may be updated more frequently as circumstances require and the fair value adjustments are made to OREO based on the updated appraised value of the property.

Servicing assets - On a quarterly basis, the Company utilizes a third party service to evaluate servicing assets related to loans sold to unaffiliated parties with servicing retained, and result in a Level 3 classification. Servicing assets are assessed for impairment or increased obligation based on fair value at each reporting date.

Other repossessed assets – Fair value of equipment from equipment financing agreements is based primarily on a third party valuation service, less costs to sell and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Valuations are required at the time the asset is repossessed and may be subsequently updated periodically due to the Company's short-term possession of the asset prior to sale or as circumstances require and the fair value adjustments are made to the asset based on its value prior to sale.

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

	Level 1  Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		C	Level 2 Significant Observable		Level 3		
			Inputs with No Active Market with Identical Characteristics (in the			Significant Unobservable Inputs housands)		Total Fair Value
September 30, 2024								
Assets:								
Securities available for sale:								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	94,206	\$	_	\$	_	\$	94,206
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:				416.072				416.050
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		_		416,273		_		416,273
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations		_		63,102 143,856		_		63,102 143,856
Debt securities				124,250				124,250
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency				124,230				124,230
obligations		_		747,481		_		747,481
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		_		67,234		_		67,234
Total securities available for sale	\$	94,206	\$	814,715	\$	<u> </u>	\$	908,921
Derivative financial instruments	\$		\$	5,284	\$	_	\$	5,284
Liabilities:								
Derivative financial instruments	\$		\$	4,559	\$		\$	4,559
December 31, 2023								
Assets:								
Securities available for sale:								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	85,488	\$	_	\$	_	\$	85,488
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:								
Mortgage-backed securities - residential		_		442,328		_		442,328
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial		_		47,991		_		47,991
Collateralized mortgage obligations		_		97,411		_		97,411
Debt securities		_		124,625		_		124,625
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations		_		712,355		_		712,355
Municipal bonds-tax exempt		_		67,896		_		67,896
Total securities available for sale	\$	85,488	\$	780,251	\$	_	\$	865,739
	\$		\$	6,245	\$		\$	6,245
Derivative financial instruments				0,243				0,243
Liabilities:								
Derivative financial instruments	\$		\$	5,920	\$		\$	5,920

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are as follows:

	Total	Level 1  Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Level 2 Significant Observable Inputs With No Active Market With Identical Characteristics unds)	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	
September 30, 2024						
Assets:						
Collateral dependent loans (1)	\$ 5,016	\$	\$	_	\$	5,016
Other real estate owned	772			_		772
Repossessed personal property	1,216		_	_		1,216
December 31, 2023						
Assets:						
Collateral dependent loans (2)	\$ 7,352	\$	\$	_	\$	7,352
Other real estate owned	117		_	_		117
Repossessed personal property	1,305		_	_		1,305

<sup>(1)</sup> Consisted of real estate loans of \$5.0 million.
(2) Consisted of real estate loans of \$2.2 million and commercial and industrial loans of \$5.2 million.

The following table represents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value assumptions for assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	Fair Value		Valuation Unobservable Techniques Input(s)		Range (Weighted Average)	
September 30, 2024 Collateral dependent loans: Real estate loans: Commercial property			(in 1	thousands)		
Retail	\$	1,683	Market approach	Adjustments to market data Adjustments to market	(45%) to 30% / (10)%	(1)
Hospitality		266	Market approach	data Adjustments to market	(30)% to 35% / (3)%	(1)
Construction		1,194	Market approach	data Adjustments to market	5% to 20% / 15%	(1)
Residential Total real estate loans	\$	1,873 5,016 <b>5,016</b>	Market approach	data	(13) to 8% / (1)%	(1)
Total	<b>J</b>	3,010				
Other real estate owned	\$	772	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	(35)% to 5% / (12)%	(1)
Repossessed personal property		1,216	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	N/A	(3)
December 31, 2023 Collateral dependent loans: Real estate loans: Commercial property						
Retail	\$	1,530	Market approach	Adjustments to market data Adjustments to market	5% to 20% / 15%	(1)
Hospitality		338	Market approach	data	(30)% to 35% / (1)%	(1)
Other		305	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	(6)% to 1% / (2)%	(1)
Residential Total real estate loans		1 2,174	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	(15)% to 3% / (6)%	(1)
Commercial and industrial loans  Total	\$	5,178 <b>7,352</b>	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	(20)% to 55% / (2)%	(1)
Other real estate owned	\$	117	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	(10)% to 5% / (2)%	(1)
Repossessed personal property		1,305	Market approach	Adjustments to market data	N/A	(3)

<sup>(1)</sup> Appraisal reports utilize a combination of valuation techniques including a market approach, where prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving similar or comparable properties are used to determine the appraised value. Appraisals may include an 'as is' and 'upon completion' valuation scenarios. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by third-party appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data. Adjustments also result from the consideration of relevant economic and demographic factors with the potential to affect property values. Also, prospective values are based on the market conditions which exist at the date of inspection combined with informed forecasts based on current trends in supply and demand for the property types under appraisal. Positive adjustments disclosed in this table represent increases to the sales comparison and negative adjustments represent decreases.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes one loan secured by cash and business assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> The equipment is usually too small in value to use a professional appraisal service. The values are determined internally using a combination of auction values, vendor recommendations and sales comparisons depending on the equipment type. Some highly commoditized equipment, such as commercial trucks have services that provide industry values.

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis. The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis are discussed above.

The estimated fair value of financial instruments has been determined by using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret market data in order to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Topic 825), among other provisions, requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes. Other than certain financial instruments for which we had concluded that the carrying amounts approximate fair value, the fair value estimates shown below were based on an exit price notion as of September 30, 2024, as required by ASU 2016-01. The financial instruments for which we had concluded that the carrying amounts approximate fair value include cash and due from banks, accrued interest receivable and payable, and noninterest-bearing deposits.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments were as follows:

				Septem	ber 30, 2024				
	(	Carrying			Fair Value				
		Amount		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		
Financial assets:									
Cash and due from banks	\$	287,767	\$	287,767	\$	\$	_		
Securities available for sale		908,921		94,206	814,715		_		
Loans held for sale		54,336		27,188	27,530		_		
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses		6,188,581		_	_		6,163,726		
Accrued interest receivable		21,955		21,955	_		_		
Derivative financial instruments		5,284		_	5,284		_		
Financial liabilities:									
Noninterest-bearing deposits		2,051,790		_	2,051,790		_		
Interest-bearing deposits		4,351,431		_	_		4,352,288		
Borrowings and subordinated debentures		430,478		_	300,082		136,327		
Accrued interest payable		52,613		52,613	_		_		
Derivative financial instruments		4,559		_	4,559		_		
		December 31, 2023							
	(	Carrying			Fair Value				
		Amount		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		
				(in t					
Financial assets:									
Cash and due from banks	\$	302,324	\$	302,324	\$ —	\$	_		
Securities available for sale		865,739		85,488	780,251		_		
Loans held for sale		12,013		_	12,238		_		
Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses		6,112,972		_	_		6,007,975		
Accrued interest receivable		23,371		23,371	_		_		
Derivative financial instruments		6,245		_	6,245		_		
Financial liabilities:									
i manetar madifices.									
Noninterest-bearing deposits		2,003,596		_	2,003,596		_		
		2,003,596 4,276,978		_	2,003,596		4,271,711		
Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits Borrowings and subordinated debentures				_ _ _	2,003,596 — 323,491		4,271,711 128,229		
Noninterest-bearing deposits Interest-bearing deposits		4,276,978		39,306	· · · —				

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it was practicable to estimate that value are explained below:

Cash and due from banks - The carrying amounts of cash and due from banks approximate fair value due to the short-term

nature of these instruments (Level 1).

Securities – The fair value of securities, consisting of securities available for sale, is generally obtained from market bids for similar or identical securities, from independent securities brokers or dealers, or from other model-based valuation techniques described above (Level 1 and 2).

Loans held for sale – Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or fair market value, as determined based upon quotes, bids or sales contract prices (Levels 1 and 2).

Loans receivable, net of allowance for credit losses – The fair value of loans receivable is estimated based on the discounted cash flow approach. To estimate the fair value of the loans, certain loan characteristics such as account types, remaining terms, annual interest rates or coupons, interest types, past delinquencies, timing of principal and interest payments, current market rates, loan-to-value ratios, loss exposures, and remaining balances are considered. Additionally, the Company's prior charge-off rates and loss ratios as well as various other assumptions relating to credit, interest, and prepayment risks are used as part of valuing the loan portfolio. Subsequently, the loans were individually evaluated by sorting and pooling them based on loan types, credit risk grades, and payment types. Consistent with the requirements of ASU 2016-01, the fair value of the Company's loans receivable is considered to be an exit price notion as of September 30, 2024 (Level 3).

The fair value of collateral dependent loans is estimated based on the net realizable fair value of the collateral or the observable market price of the most recent sale or quoted price from loans held for sale. The Company does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. Nonrecurring fair value adjustments to collateral dependent loans are recorded based on the current appraised value of the collateral (Level 3).

Accrued interest receivable - The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value (Level 1).

Noninterest-bearing deposits - The fair value of noninterest-bearing deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (Level 2).

Interest-bearing deposits – The fair value of interest-bearing deposits, such as savings accounts, money market checking, and certificates of deposit, is estimated based on discounted cash flows. The cash flows for non-maturity deposits, including savings accounts and money market checking, are estimated based on their historical decaying experiences. The discount rate used for fair valuation is based on interest rates currently being offered by the Bank on comparable deposits as to amount and term (Level 3).

Borrowings and subordinated debentures – Borrowings consist of FHLB advances, subordinated debentures and other borrowings. Discounted cash flows based on current market rates for borrowings with similar remaining maturities are used to estimate the fair value of borrowings (Level 2 and 3).

Accrued interest payable – The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value (Level 1).

#### Note 12 — Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk similar to the risk involved with on-balance sheet items.

The Bank's exposure to losses in the event of non-performance by the other party to commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual notional amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for extending loan facilities to customers. The Bank evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, was based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment, and income-producing or borrower-occupied properties.

Some of the commitments to fund existing loans, lines of credit and letters of credit are expected to expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitments do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. As of September 30, 2024, the Bank was obligated on \$120.0 million of letters of credit to the FHLB of San Francisco, which were being used as collateral for \$120.0 million in public fund deposits from the State of California.

The following table shows the distribution of total loan commitments as of the dates indicated:

	Sep	tember 30,	December 31,		
		2024		2023	
		(in thou	sands)		
Unused commitments to extend credit	\$	739,975	\$	813,960	
Standby letters of credit		95,657		83,725	
Commercial letters of credit		18,589		33,140	
Total commitments	\$	854,221	\$	930,825	

The allowance for credit losses related to off-balance sheet items was maintained at a level believed to be sufficient to absorb current expected lifetime losses related to these unfunded credit facilities. The determination of the allowance adequacy was based on periodic evaluations of the unfunded credit facilities including an assessment of the probability of commitment usage, credit risk factors for loans outstanding to these same customers, and the terms and expiration dates of the unfunded credit facilities.

Activity in the allowance for credit losses related to off-balance sheet items was as follows for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024			2023		2024		2023	
				(in thousands)					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	2,010	\$	2,475	\$	2,474	\$	3,114	
Credit loss recovery		(26) (13		(13)	.3) (490)		0) (652)		
Balance at end of period	\$	1,984	\$	2,462	\$	1,984	\$	2,462	

#### Note 13 — Leases

The Company enters into leases in the normal course of business primarily for bank branch offices, back-office operations locations, business development offices, information technology data centers and information technology equipment. The Company's leases have remaining terms ranging from one month to nine years and seven months, some of which include renewal or termination options to extend the lease for up to none.

The Company includes lease extension and termination options in the lease term if, after considering relevant economic factors, it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise the option. In addition, the Company has elected to account for any non-lease components in its real estate leases as part of the associated lease component. The Company has also elected not to recognize leases with original lease terms of 12 months or less (short-term leases) on the Company's balance sheet.

Leases are classified as operating or finance leases at the lease commencement date. Lease expense for operating leases and short-term leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Right-of-use assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease.

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of the lease payments over the lease term.

As of September 30, 2024, the outstanding balances for our right-of-use asset and lease liability were \$37.3 million and \$41.6 million, respectively. The outstanding balances of the right-of-use asset and lease liability were \$42.4 million and \$46.4 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2023. The right-of-use asset is reported in prepaid expenses and other assets line item and lease liability is reported in accrued expenses and other liabilities line item on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In determining the discount rates, since most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we used our incremental borrowing rate provided by the FHLB of San Francisco based on the information available at the commencement date to calculate the present value of lease payments.

At September 30, 2024, future minimum rental commitments under these non-cancelable operating leases, with initial or remaining terms of one year or more, were as follows:

	Α	mount
	(in t	housands)
2024	\$	8,407
2025		7,188
2026		6,699
2027		6,529
2028		5,608
Thereafter		11,959
Remaining lease commitments		46,390
Interest		(4,767)
Present value of lease liability	\$	41,623

Net lease expense recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$2.1 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. Net lease expense recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$6.8 million and \$6.6 million, respectively. Net lease expense included operating lease costs of \$2.2 million and \$2.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Operating lease costs were \$6.7 million and \$6.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Sublease income for operating leases was immaterial for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Weighted average remaining lease terms for the Company's operating leases were 6.51 years and 6.82 years as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Weighted average discount rates used for the Company's operating leases were 3.29% and 2.98% as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Cash paid and included in cash flows from operating activities for amounts used in the measurement of the lease liability of the Company's operating leases was \$2.2 million and \$2.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$6.4 million and \$6.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### Note 14 — Liquidity

#### Hanmi Financial

As of September 30, 2024, Hanmi Financial had \$13.7 million in cash on deposit with its bank subsidiary and \$32.9 million of U.S. Treasury securities at fair value. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had \$7.5 million in cash on deposit with its bank subsidiary and \$32.4 million of U.S. Treasury securities at fair value. Management believes that Hanmi Financial, on a stand-alone basis, had adequate liquid assets to meet its current debt obligations.

#### Hanmi Bank

The principal objective of our liquidity management program is to maintain the Bank's ability to meet the day-to-day cash flow requirements of its customers who wish either to withdraw funds or to draw upon credit facilities to meet their cash needs. Management believes that the Bank, on a stand-alone basis, has adequate liquid assets to meet its current obligations. The Bank's primary funding source will continue to be deposits originating from its branch platform. The Bank's wholesale funds historically consisted of FHLB advances, brokered deposits, as well as State of California time deposits. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Bank had \$300.0 million and \$325.0 million of FHLB advances, and \$13.2 million and \$58.3 million of brokered

deposits, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Bank had \$120.0 million of State of California time deposits.

We monitor the sources and uses of funds on a regular basis to maintain an acceptable liquidity position. The Bank's primary source of borrowings is the FHLB, from which the Bank is eligible to borrow up to 30% of its assets. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the total borrowing capacity available, based on pledged collateral was \$1.66 and \$1.54 billion, respectively. The remaining available borrowing capacity was \$1.24 billion and \$1.09 billion as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The amount that the FHLB is willing to advance differs based on the quality and character of qualifying collateral pledged by the Bank, and the FHLB may adjust the advance rates for qualifying collateral upwards or downwards from time to time. To the extent deposit renewals and deposit growth are not sufficient to fund maturing and withdrawable deposits, repay maturing borrowings, fund existing and future loans, equipment financing agreements and securities, and otherwise fund working capital needs and capital expenditures, the Bank may utilize the remaining borrowing capacity from its FHLB borrowing arrangement.

As a means of augmenting its liquidity, the Bank had an available borrowing source of \$29.5 million from the Federal Reserve Discount Window, to which the Bank pledged securities with a carrying value of \$31.5 million, with no borrowings as of September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023. The Bank also maintains a line of credit for repurchase agreements up to \$100.0 million. The Bank also had three unsecured federal funds lines of credit totaling \$115.0 million with no outstanding balances as of September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

#### Note 15 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities

#### Risk Management Objective of Using Derivative

The Company is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk, primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its assets and liabilities and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates.

### Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments - Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest income and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. Such derivatives were used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing variable-rate assets. During the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company entered into a \$100.0 million notional interest rate swap designated as a cash flow hedge, with an effective date of May 1, 2024 and a maturity date of May 1, 2026, to hedge a pool of Prime-indexed loans against falling rates. The principal balance of the loan pool designated for the Prime-indexed loans was \$137.6 million as of September 30, 2024. During the first quarter of 2024, the Company entered into a \$75.0 million notional interest rate swap designated as a cash flow hedge, with an effective date of May 1, 2024 and a maturity date of May 1, 2026, to hedge a pool of one-month SOFR-indexed loans against falling rates. The principal balance of the loan pool designated for the SOFR-indexed loans was \$102.8 million as of September 30, 2024.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk, the gain or loss on the derivative is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and subsequently reclassified into interest income in the same period(s) during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's derivatives designated as cash flow hedges at inception and at the balance sheet date and determined they are effective. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest income as interest payments are received on the Company's variable-rate asset. During the next 12 months, the Company estimates that an additional \$0.1 million will be reclassified as an increase to interest income.

### Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company also enters into interest rate swap agreements between the Company and its customers and other third-party counterparties. The Company enters into "back to back swap" arrangements whereby the Company executes interest rate swap

agreements with its customers and acquires an offsetting swap position from a third-party counterparty. These derivative financial statements are accounted for at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

The table below presents the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

As of September 30, 2024	Notiona	l Amount	Derivative Assets Balance Sheet Location	Fair	Value	1.)	Notional Amount	Derivative Liabilities Balance Sheet Location	Fair	Value
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments Interest rate products Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	\$	102,569	Other Assets	\$ <b>\$</b>	(in thousa 4,559 <b>4,559</b>	sinds)	102,569	Other Liabilities	\$ <b>\$</b>	4,559 <b>4,559</b>
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments Interest rate products Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments	\$	175,000	Other Assets	\$ \$	725 <b>725</b>	\$	_	Other Liabilities	\$ <b>\$</b>	_ 
As of December 31, 2023	Notiona	l Amount	Derivative Assets Balance Sheet Location	Fair	Value (in thous	ands)	Notional Amount	Derivative Liabilities Balance Sheet Location	Fair	Value
As of December 31, 2023  Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments Interest rate products  Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Notiona \$	1 Amount	<b>Balance Sheet</b>	Fair \$ \$	Value (in thouse 5,939 5,939	unds) \$	Amount	Balance Sheet	Fair	5,920 5,920

The table below presents the effect of cash flow hedge accounting on Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

# Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships Interest Rate Products	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded Component	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (in thousands)	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded Component
Total	\$ 2,427	\$ 2,427	<u>s — </u>		<u>\$ (673</u> )	<u>\$ (673</u> )	<u>s — </u>
Three Months Ended September 30, 2023  Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded Component	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (in thousands)	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded Component
Interest Rate Products Total	\$ — \$ —	\$ — \$ —	\$ — \$ —	Interest Income	\$ — \$ —	s — s —	\$ — \$ —
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024  Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded Component	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (in thousands)	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included Component	Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded Component
Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships Interest Rate Products	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded	Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded
Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included Component	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded Component	Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (in thousands) Interest Income	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included Component  \$ (1,133) \$ (1,133)  Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded Component  \$ \$  Amount of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified
Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Hedging Relationships  Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships Interest Rate Products  Total	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Included Component	Gain or (Loss) Recognized in OCI Excluded Component	Gain or (Loss) Recognized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (in thousands) Interest Income	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income  \$ (1,133) \$ (1,133)  Amount of	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Included Component  \$ (1,133) \$ (1,133)  Amount of Gain or (Loss)	Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income Excluded Component  \$ \$  Amount of Gain or (Loss)

The table below presents the effect of cash flow hedge accounting on the Income Statement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Location and Amount of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationship Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2024 2023 2024 2023 Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest Interest Income Expense Income Expense Income Expense Income Expense (in thousands) Gain or (loss) on cash flow hedging relationships in Subtopic 815-20 Interest contracts Amount of gain or (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income \$ (673) (1,133) \$ Amount of gain or (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into (1,133) (673) income - included component

The table below presents the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments that are not designated as hedging instruments on the Income Statement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments under Subtopic 815-20	Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative								
		Three Months Ended September 30, Nine Months Ended September					per 30,		
			2024		2023		2024	:	2023
					(in thousa	nds)			
Interest rate products	Other income	\$	(44)	\$	62	\$	(18)	\$	(23)
Total		\$	(44)	\$	62	\$	(18)	\$	(23)

No fee income was recognized from its derivative financial instruments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The Company recognized \$0.6 million of fee income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The table below presents a gross presentation, the effects of offsetting, and a net presentation of the Company's derivatives as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The net amounts of derivative assets or liabilities can be reconciled to the tabular disclosure of fair value. The derivative assets are located within the prepaid and other assets line item on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the derivative liabilities are located within the accrued expenses and other liabilities line item on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

### Offsetting of Derivative Assets As of September 30, 2024

As of September 30, 2024							Gr	oss Amounts		t in the Conso	olidated Ba	lance
	of Rec	Amounts cognized	Gross An Offset in Consolid	n the lated	Assets p in Conso	ounts of oresented the olidated		nancial		Collateral		
	A	ssets	Balance S	Sheets	Balanc	e Sheets			Re	ceived	Net A	mount
Derivatives	\$	5,284	\$		\$	(in thous 5,284	ands) \$	631	\$ 4,653		\$	
Derivatives	J	3,264	Ş		.ji	3,204	φ	031	Ģ	4,033	Ş	
Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities As of September 30, 2024												_
							Gr	oss Amounts		t in the Cons heets	olidated Ba	lance
		Amounts	Gross An Offset in	n the	Liab present	nounts of pilities ed in the						
		cognized bilities	Consolio Balance S		Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousand			inancial truments	Cash Collateral Provided		Net Amount	
	23.00		Damiec	3110013					110,400			
Derivatives	\$	4,559	\$	_	\$	4,559	\$	631	\$	_	\$	3,927
Offsetting of Derivative Assets As of December 31, 2023							Gr	oss Amounts		t in the Conso	olidated Ba	lance
	of Rec	Amounts cognized	Gross An Offset in Consolic	n the lated	Assets p in Conso	nounts of oresented the olidated		nancial	Cash	Collateral		
	A	ssets	Balance S	Sheets	Balanc	e Sheets		truments	Re	ceived	Net A	mount
Derivatives	\$	6,245	\$		\$	(in thous 6,245	ands) \$	284	\$	5,731	\$	230
Derivatives	\$	0,243	\$	_	\$	0,243	3	284	Ъ	3,/31	\$	230
Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities As of December 31, 2023												
13 01 Becchiser 51, 2925							Gr	oss Amounts		t in the Conso	olidated Ba	lance
	of Rec	Amounts cognized bilities	Gross An Offset in Consolid Balance S	n the lated	Liah present Conso	nounts of pilities ed in the plidated e Sheets		inancial truments		Collateral ovided	Net A	mount
						(in thous						
Derivatives	\$	5,920	\$	_	\$	5,920	\$	284	\$	_	\$	5,636

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision stating if the Company either defaults or is capable of being declared in default on any of its indebtedness, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. In addition, these agreements may also require the Company to post additional collateral should it fail to maintain its status as a well- or adequately- capitalized institution.

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$0. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, no collateral was provided related to these agreements.

### Note 16 — Subsequent Events

#### Cash Dividend

On October 24, 2024, the Company announced that the Board of Directors of the Company declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.25 per share to be paid on November 20, 2024 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 4, 2024.

#### Note Sale

On October 16, 2024, the Bank completed the sale of the \$27.2 million nonaccrual loan included in "Loans held for sale" at the end of the third quarter.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is management's discussion and analysis of our results of operations and financial condition as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. This analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K") and with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 (this "Report").

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements contained in this Report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements in this Report other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including, but not limited to, statements about anticipated future operating and financial performance, financial condition and liquidity, business strategies, regulatory and competitive outlook, investment and expenditure plans, capital and financing needs and performance, mancial condition and inquitary, ousiness strategies, regulatory and competitive outlook, investment and expenditure plans, capital and infancing necess and availability, plans and objectives of management for future operations, developments regarding our capital and strategic plans and other similar forecasts and statements of expectation and statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "wil "should," "could," "expects," "plans," "intends," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," or "continue," or the negative of such terms and other comparable terminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, financial condition, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These factors include the following:

•a failure to maintain adequate levels of capital and liquidity to support our operations;

•general economic and business conditions internationally, nationally and in those areas in which we operate;

- volatility and deterioration in the credit and equity markets;
- changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;
- •availability of capital from private and government sources;
- demographic changes;
- •competition for loans and deposits and failure to attract or retain loans and deposits;
- •inflation and fluctuations in interest rates that reduce our margins and yields, the fair value of financial instruments, the level of loan originations or prepayments on loans we have made and make, the level of loan sales and the cost we pay to retain and attract deposits and secure other types of funding;
- ·our ability to enter new markets successfully and capitalize on growth opportunities;
- •the current or anticipated impact of military conflict, terrorism or other geopolitical events;
- •the effect of potential future supervisory action against us or Hanmi Bank and our ability to address any issues raised in our regulatory exams;
- ·risks of natural disasters
- ·legal proceedings and litigation brought against us;
- •a failure in or breach of our operational or security systems or infrastructure, including cyberattacks;
- •the failure to maintain current technologies;
- •risks associated with Small Business Administration loans;
- ·failure to attract or retain key employees;
- our ability to access cost-effective funding:
- changes in liquidity, including the size and composition of our deposit portfolio and the percentage of uninsured deposits in the portfolio; fluctuations in real estate values;
- ·changes in accounting policies and practices;
- •changes in governmental regulation, including, but not limited to, any increase in FDIC insurance premiums and changes in the monetary policies of the U.S.
- Treasury and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;
  •the ability of Hanmi Bank to make distributions to Hanmi Financial Corporation, which is restricted by certain factors, including Hanmi Bank's retained earnings, net income, prior distributions made, and certain other financial considerations;
- •strategic transactions we may enter into;
- •the adequacy of and changes in the methodology for computing our allowance for credit losses;
- our credit quality and the effect of credit quality on our credit losses expense and allowance for credit losses;

- •changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers and the ability of our borrowers to perform under the terms of their loans and other terms of credit agreements;
- our ability to control expenses; and
- •cyber security and fraud risks against our information technology and those of our third-party providers and vendors.

For additional information concerning risks we face, see "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" in this Report and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in Part I of the 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which such statements were made, except as required by law.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

We have established various accounting policies that govern the application of GAAP in the preparation of our financial statements. Our significant accounting policies are described in the Notes to the consolidated financial statements in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We had no significant changes in our accounting policies since the filing of our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Certain accounting policies require us to make significant estimates and assumptions that have a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities, and we consider these critical accounting policies. For a description of these critical accounting policies, see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies" in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates and assumptions, which could have a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet dates and our results of operations for the reporting periods. Management has discussed the development and selection of these critical accounting policies with the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors.

## **Executive Overview**

Financial results include the following:

	As of or for the										
		Three Months End	ember 30,		Nine Months Ende	ember 30,					
		2024		2023		2024		2023			
		(dollars in thousands, except per share data)									
Net income	\$	14,892	\$	18,796	\$	44,506	\$	61,408			
Earnings per diluted share	\$	0.49	\$	0.62	\$	1.47	\$	2.01			
Dividends per share	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.75	\$	0.75			
Return on average assets		0.79 %		1.00 %		0.79 %		1.11 %			
Return on average stockholders' equity		7.55 %		9.88 %		7.65 %		11.05 %			

Net income was \$14.9 million, or \$0.49 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$18.8 million, or \$0.62 per diluted share, for the same period a year ago. The decrease in net income was driven by a \$4.8 million decrease in net interest income, a \$2.8 million decrease in noninterest income, and a \$0.9 million increase in noninterest expense, offset by decreases in credit loss expense of \$2.9 million and income tax expense of \$1.7 million. Credit loss expense for the third quarter of 2024 was \$2.3 million compared to a \$5.2 million expense for the third quarter of 2023, and consisted of provision for loan losses for both periods.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net income was \$44.5 million, or \$1.47 per diluted share, compared to \$61.4 million, or \$2.01 per diluted share, for the same period a year ago. The decrease in net income was primarily driven by a decrease in net interest income of \$18.8 million, a \$3.3 million decrease in noninterest income, and a \$5.5 million increase in noninterest expense, offset by decreases in credit loss expense of \$3.7 million and income tax expense of \$6.9 million. Credit loss expense for the nine months of 2024 was \$3.5 million compared to a \$7.2 million for the same period a year ago. Credit loss expense for the nine months of 2024 consisted of a \$4.0 million provision for loan losses, offset by a \$0.5 million recovery for off-balance sheet items. Credit loss expense for the first nine months of 2023 included a \$7.9 million provision for loan losses, offset by a \$0.7 million recovery for off-balance sheet items.

### Other financial highlights include the following:

	September 30, 2024					
	(in thousands)					
Loans receivable	\$	6,257,744	\$	6,182	6,182,434	
Securities available for sale, at fair value		908,921		865	,739	
Total assets		7,712,299		7,570	),341	
Deposits		6,403,221		6,280	,574	
Borrowings		300,000		325	,000	
Total stockholders' equity		736,709		701	,891	

### **Results of Operations**

### **Net Interest Income**

Our primary source of revenue is net interest income, which is the difference between interest derived from earning assets, and interest paid on liabilities obtained to fund those assets. Our net interest income is affected by changes in the level and mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, referred to as volume changes. Net interest income is also affected by changes in the yields earned on assets and rates paid on liabilities, referred to as rate changes. Interest rates charged on loans receivable are affected principally by changes to market interest rates, the demand for loans receivable, the supply of money available for lending purposes, and other competitive factors. Those factors are, in turn, affected by general economic conditions and other factors beyond our control, such as federal economic policies, the general supply of money in the economy, legislative tax policies, governmental budgetary matters, and the actions of the Federal Reserve.

The following table shows the average balance of assets, liabilities and stockholders' equity; the amount of interest income, and interest expense; the average yield or rate for each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities; and the net interest spread and the net interest margin on a taxable-equivalent basis for the periods indicated. All average balances are daily average balances.

Name					Three Months E	ıded			
Average   Balance   Expense   Rate   Rate   Balance   Expense   Rate   Rate   Balance   Expense   Rate		S	eptem	ber 30, 2024		Se	pten	nber 30, 2023	
Noninterest-earning assets:   Cash and due from banks   S				Interest	Average			Interest	Average
Sample   Company   Compa		Average		Income /	Yield /	Average		Income /	Yield /
Interest-earning assets:   Loans receivable		Balance		Expense	Rate	Balance		Expense	Rate
Loans receivable	Assets				(dollars in thousa	nds)			
Securities   Page   P									
FHLB stock		\$ 6,112,324	\$	92,182	6.00 % \$	5,915,423	\$	85,398	5.73 %
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks   183,027   2,356   5.12 %   317,498   4,153   5.19 %   Total interest-earning assets   7,297,777   100,417   5.48 %   7,204,779   94,072   5.19 %	Securities (2)	986,041		5,523	2.27 %	955,473		4,204	1.79 %
Noninterest-earning assets	FHLB stock	16,385		356	8.65 %	16,385		317	7.67 %
Noninterest-earning assets:   Cash and due from banks   54,843   59,994     Allowance for credit losses   (67,906)   (70,173)     Other assets   251,421   240,145     Total assets   5,7,536,135   5,7,434,745     Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity     Interest-bearing liabilities:     Deposits:     Demand: interest-bearing deposits   2,427,737   29,259   4.79 %   2,438,112   24,301   3.95 %     Total interest-bearing deposits   4,397,183   47,153   4.27 %   4,134,641   36,818   3.53 %     Borrowings   143,479   1,561   4,33 %   120,381   753   2,48 %     Subordinated debentures   130,403   1,652   5.07 %   129,780   1,646   5.07 %     Total interest-bearing liabilities and equity:     Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing   1,908,833   2,136,156     Other liabilities   171,987   159,127     Stockholders' equity   784,250   754,666     Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   5,7434,745   5,4660     Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   5,7536,135   5,7434,745     Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   5,7536,135	Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	183,027		2,356	5.12 %	317,498		4,153	5.19 %
Cash and due from banks       54,843       59,994         Allowance for credit losses       (67,906)       (70,173)         Other assets       251,421       240,145         Total assets       \$ 7,536,135       \$ 7,434,745         Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity         Interest-bearing liabilities:         Deposits:         Demand: interest-bearing       \$ 83,647       \$ 31       0.15 %       \$ 94,703       \$ 32       0.13 %         Money market and savings       1,885,799       17,863       3.77 %       1,601,826       12,485       3.09 %         Time deposits       2,427,737       29,259       4.79 %       2,438,112       24,301       3.95 %         Borrowings       143,479       1,561       4.33 %       120,381       753       2.48 %         Subordinated debentures       130,403       1,652       5.07 %       129,780       1,646       5.07 %         Total interest-bearing liabilities       4,671,065       50,366       4.29 %       4,384,802       39,217       3.55 %         Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:         Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing       1,908,833       2,2136,156         Other liabilities	Total interest-earning assets	7,297,777		100,417	5.48 %	7,204,779		94,072	5.19 %
Allowance for credit losses (67,906) (70,173) Other assets 251,421 240,145  Total assets 5 7,536,135 5 7,434,745  Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Interest-bearing liabilities: Deposits: Demand: interest-bearing \$83,647 \$ 31 0.15 \$ 94,703 \$ 32 0.13 % Money market and savings 1,885,799 17,863 3.77 \$ 1,601,826 12,485 3.09 % Time deposits 2,427,737 29,259 4.79 \$ 2,438,112 24,301 3.95 % Total interest-bearing deposits 4,397,183 47,153 4.27 \$ 4,134,641 36,818 3.53 % Borrowings 143,479 1,561 4.33 \$ 120,381 753 2.48 % Subordinated debentures 130,403 1,652 5.07 \$ 129,780 1,646 5.07 % Total interest-bearing liabilities and equity: Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing 4,908,833 2,136,156 Other liabilities and equity: Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing 1,908,833 2,136,156 Other liabilities and stockholders' equity 784,250 754,660 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity 8 7,536,135	Noninterest-earning assets:								
Comparison	Cash and due from banks	54,843				59,994			
Sample   S	Allowance for credit losses	(67,906)				(70,173)			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Interest-bearing liabilities: Deposits:  Demand: interest-bearing \$ 83,647 \$ 31 0.15 % \$ 94,703 \$ 32 0.13 % Money market and savings 1,885,799 17,863 3.77 % 1,601,826 12,485 3.09 % Time deposits 2,427,737 29,259 4.79 % 2,438,112 24,301 3.95 % Total interest-bearing deposits 4,397,183 47,153 4.27 % 4,134,641 36,818 3.53 % Borrowings 143,479 1,561 4.33 % 120,381 753 2.48 % Subordinated debentures 130,403 1,652 5.07 % 129,780 1,646 5.07 % Total interest-bearing liabilities 4,671,065 50,366 4.29 % 4,384,802 39,217 3.55 % Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity: Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing 0.1908,833 2,136,156 Other liabilities 171,987 159,127 Stockholders' equity 784,250 754,660 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 7,536,135 \$ 7,434,745	Other assets	251,421				240,145			
Interest-bearing liabilities:   Deposits:	Total assets	\$ 7,536,135			<u>\$</u>	7,434,745			
Money market and savings       1,885,799       17,863       3.77 %       1,601,826       12,485       3.09 %         Time deposits       2,427,737       29,259       4.79 %       2,438,112       24,301       3.95 %         Total interest-bearing deposits       4,397,183       47,153       4.27 %       4,134,641       36,818       3.53 %         Borrowings       143,479       1,561       4.33 %       120,381       753       2.48 %         Subordinated debentures       130,403       1,652       5.07 %       129,780       1,646       5.07 %         Total interest-bearing liabilities and equity:       0       4,671,065       50,366       4.29 %       4,384,802       39,217       3.55 %         Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:       0       0       1,908,833       2,136,156       0       159,127       159,127       159,127       159,127       159,127       754,660       754,660       754,660       754,660       74,434,745       10	Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Money market and savings       1,885,799       17,863       3.77 %       1,601,826       12,485       3.09 %         Time deposits       2,427,737       29,259       4.79 %       2,438,112       24,301       3.95 %         Total interest-bearing deposits       4,397,183       47,153       4.27 %       4,134,641       36,818       3.53 %         Borrowings       143,479       1,561       4.33 %       120,381       753       2.48 %         Subordinated debentures       130,403       1,652       5.07 %       129,780       1,646       5.07 %         Total interest-bearing liabilities and equity:       0       4,671,065       50,366       4.29 %       4,384,802       39,217       3.55 %         Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:       0       0       1,908,833       2,136,156       0       1,59,127       159,127       159,127       159,127       159,127       154,660       1,54,660	•	\$ 83,647	\$	31	0.15 % \$	94,703	\$	32	0.13 %
Total interest-bearing deposits 4,397,183 47,153 4.27 % 4,134,641 36,818 3.53 % Borrowings 143,479 1,561 4.33 % 120,381 753 2.48 % Subordinated debentures 130,403 1,652 5.07 % 129,780 1,646 5.07 % Total interest-bearing liabilities 4,671,065 50,366 4.29 % 4,384,802 39,217 3.55 % Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:  Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing 1,908,833 2,136,156 Other liabilities 171,987 159,127 Stockholders' equity 784,250 754,660  Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 7,536,135 \$ 7,434,745		1,885,799		17,863	3.77 %	1,601,826		12,485	3.09 %
Total interest-bearing deposits 4,397,183 47,153 4.27 % 4,134,641 36,818 3.53 % Borrowings 143,479 1,561 4.33 % 120,381 753 2.48 % Subordinated debentures 130,403 1,652 5.07 % 129,780 1,646 5.07 % Total interest-bearing liabilities 4,671,065 50,366 4.29 % 4,384,802 39,217 3.55 % Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:  Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing 1,908,833 2,136,156 Other liabilities 171,987 159,127 Stockholders' equity 784,250 754,660  Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 7,536,135 \$ 7,434,745	Time deposits	2.427.737		29 259	4.79 %	2.438.112		24 301	3.95 %
Borrowings         143,479         1,561         4.33 %         120,381         753         2.48 %           Subordinated debentures         130,403         1,652         5.07 %         129,780         1,646         5.07 %           Total interest-bearing liabilities         4,671,065         50,366         4.29 %         4,384,802         39,217         3.55 %           Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:         Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing         1,908,833         2,136,156         2,136,156         159,127         159,127         50,4660	*					, ,		,	
Subordinated debentures       130,403       1,652       5.07 %       129,780       1,646       5.07 %         Total interest-bearing liabilities       4,671,065       50,366       4.29 %       4,384,802       39,217       3.55 %         Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:       Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing         Other liabilities       171,987       159,127         Stockholders' equity       784,250       754,660         Total liabilities and stockholders' equity       \$ 7,536,135       \$ 7,434,745	e 1			,	4.33 %			,	2.48 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities       4,671,065       50,366       4.29 %       4,384,802       39,217       3.55 %         Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:       Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing       1,908,833       2,136,156         Other liabilities       171,987       159,127         Stockholders' equity       784,250       754,660         Total liabilities and stockholders' equity       \$ 7,536,135       \$ 7,434,745	e e				5.07 %	,		1,646	5.07 %
Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing       1,908,833       2,136,156         Other liabilities       171,987       159,127         Stockholders' equity       784,250       754,660         Total liabilities and stockholders' equity       \$ 7,536,135       \$ 7,434,745									
Other liabilities         171,987         159,127           Stockholders' equity         784,250         754,660           Total liabilities and stockholders' equity         \$ 7,536,135         \$ 7,434,745	Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:								
Stockholders' equity 784,250 754,660  Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 7,536,135 \$ 7,434,745	Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing	1,908,833				2,136,156			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity § 7,536,135 § 7,434,745	Other liabilities	171,987				159,127			
	Stockholders' equity	784,250				754,660			
Net interest income <u>\$ 50,051</u> <u>\$ 54,855</u>	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 7,536,135			<u>\$</u>	7,434,745			
	Net interest income		\$	50,051			\$	54,855	
Cost of deposits (3) 2.97 % 2.33 %	Cost of deposits (3)				2.97 %				2.33 %
Net interest spread (taxable equivalent basis) (4) 1.19 % 1.64 %	Net interest spread (taxable equivalent basis) (4)				1.19 <sub>%</sub>				<u>1.64</u> %
Net interest margin (taxable equivalent basis) (5) 2.74 % 3.03 %	700				2.74 %				3.03 %

<sup>(1)</sup>Loans receivable include loans held for sale and exclude the allowance for credit losses. Nonaccrual loans receivable are included in the average loans receivable balance. (2)Securities average yield is calculated on a fully taxable equivalent basis using the current statutory federal tax rate of 21%. (3)Represents interest expense on deposits as a percentage of all interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits.

(4)Represents the average yield earned on interest-earning assets less the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities. (5)Represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

The table below shows changes in interest income and interest expense and the amounts attributable to variations in interest rates and volumes for the periods indicated. The variances attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been allocated to the change due to volume and the change due to rate categories in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amount attributable solely to the change in volume and to the change in rate.

Three Months Ended
September 30, 2024 vs September 30, 2023
Increases (Decreases) Due to Change In

	Increases (Decreases) Due to Change In						
		Volume		Rate		Total	
	(in thousands)						
Interest and dividend income:							
Loans receivable (1)	\$	2,601	\$	4,183	\$	6,784	
Securities (2)		134		1,185		1,319	
FHLB stock		(2)		41		39	
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks		(1,764)		(33)		(1,797)	
Total interest and dividend income		969		5,376		6,345	
Interest expense:							
Demand: interest-bearing	\$	(4)	\$	3	\$	(1)	
Money market and savings		2,302		3,076		5,378	
Time deposits		(170)		5,128		4,958	
Borrowings		142		666		808	
Subordinated debentures		8		(2)		6	
Total interest expense		2,278		8,871		11,149	
Change in net interest income	\$	(1,309)	\$	(3,495)	\$	(4,804)	

(1)Loans receivable include loans held for sale and exclude the allowance for credit losses. Nonaccrual loans receivable are included in the average loans receivable balance. (2)Securities average yield is calculated on a fully taxable equivalent basis using the current statutory federal tax rate of 21%.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, net interest income was \$50.1 million and \$54.9 million, respectively. The net interest spread and net interest margin, on a taxable equivalent basis, for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, were 1.19% and 2.74%, respectively, compared to 1.64% and 3.03%, respectively, for the same period in 2023. Interest and dividend income increased \$6.3 million, or 6.7%, to \$100.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 from \$94.1 million for the same period in 2023, primarily due to higher average interest-earning asset yields, and an increase in the average balance of loans and securities. Interest expense increased \$11.1 million, or 28.4%, to \$50.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 from \$39.2 million for the same period in 2023 primarily due to increases in deposit rates and average deposit balances and, to a lesser extent, an increase in the cost of borrowings.

The average balance of interest earning assets increased \$93.0 million, or 1.3%, to \$7.30 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from \$7.20 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of loans increased \$196.9 million, or 3.3%, to \$6.11 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from \$5.92 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of securities increased \$30.6 million, or 3.2%, to \$986.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from \$955.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits at other banks decreased \$134.5 million, or 42.4%, to \$183.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from \$317.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

The average yield on interest-earning assets, on a taxable equivalent basis, increased 29 basis points to 5.48% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from 5.19% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average yield on loans increased to 6.00% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from 5.73% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average yield on securities, on a taxable equivalent basis, increased to 2.27% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, from 1.79% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

The average balance of interest-bearing liabilities increased \$286.3 million, or 6.5%, to \$4.67 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared with \$4.38 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average balances of

money market and savings accounts and borrowings increased by \$284.0 million and \$23.1 million, respectively, offset partially by decreases in interest-bearing demand deposits and time deposits of \$11.1 million and \$10.4 million, respectively.

The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities was 4.29% and 3.55% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The average cost of interest-bearing deposits increased 74 basis points to 4.27% for the three months ended September 30, 2024, compared with 3.53% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of time deposits increased 84 basis points to 4.79% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared with 3.95% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of money market and savings accounts increased 68 basis points to 3.77% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared with 3.09% for the three months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of borrowings increased to 4.33% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared with 2.48% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

The following table shows the average balance of assets, liabilities and stockholders' equity; the amount of interest income, and interest expense; the average yield or rate for each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities; and the net interest spread and the net interest margin on a tax-equivalent basis for the periods indicated. All average balances are daily average balances.

				Nine Months En	ded			
	Average Balance	Septen	Interest Income / Expense	Average Yield / Rate	Average Balance	Septem	iber 30, 2023 Interest Income / Expense	Average Yield / Rate
Assets				(dollars in thousa	ends)			
Interest-earning assets:				(	,			
Loans receivable (1)	\$ 6,113,214	\$	274,608	6.00 %	\$ 5,933,525	\$	249,888	5.63 %
Securities (2)	978,439		15,717	2.17 %	969,146		12,356	1.73 %
FHLB stock	16,385		1,077	8.77 %	16,385		888	7.25 %
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks	188,290		7,268	5.16 %	247,581		9,012	4.87 %
Total interest-earning assets	7,296,328		298,670	5.47 %	7,166,637		272,144	5.08 %
Noninterest-earning assets:								
Cash and due from banks	56,217				62,354			
Allowance for credit losses	(68,305)				(71,236	)		
Other assets	249,517				237,111			
Total assets	\$ 7,533,757			<u> </u>	\$ 7,394,866			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity								
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Demand: interest-bearing	\$ 85,158	\$	92	0.14 %	\$ 100,997	\$	88	0.12 %
Money market and savings	1,849,053		51,740	3.74 %	1,506,776		29,687	2.63 %
Time deposits	2,462,779		87,454	4.74 %	2,355,923		64,656	3.67 %
Total interest-bearing deposits	4,396,990		139,286	4.23 %	3,963,696		94,431	3.19 %
Borrowings	158,419		5,112	4.31 %	194,530		4,755	3.27 %
Subordinated debentures	130,244		4,948	5.06 %	129,632		4,828	4.97 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities	4,685,653		149,346	4.26 %	4,287,858		104,014	3.24 %
Noninterest-bearing liabilities and equity:								
Demand deposits: noninterest-bearing	1,904,611				2,223,891			
Other liabilities	166,372				140,070			
Stockholders' equity	777,121				743,047			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 7,533,757			<u> </u>	\$ 7,394,866			
Net interest income		\$	149,324			\$	168,130	
Cost of deposits (3)				2.95 %				2.04 %
Net interest spread (taxable equivalent basis) (4)				1.21 %				1.84 %
Net interest margin (taxable equivalent basis) (5)				2.74 %				3.14 %

(2)Securities average yield is calculated on a fully taxable equivalent basis using the current statutory federal tax rate of 21%.

(3)Represents interest expense on deposits as a percentage of all interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits.

(4) Represents the average yield earned on interest-earning assets less the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

(5)Represents net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets.

The table below shows changes in interest income and interest expense and the amounts attributable to variations in interest rates and volumes for the periods indicated. The variances attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been allocated to the change due to volume and the change due to rate categories in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amount attributable solely to the change in volume and to the change in rate.

	September 30, 2024 vs September 30, 2023 Increases (Decreases) Due to Change In  Volume Rate Total  (in thousands)								
Interest and dividend income:									
Loans receivable (1)	\$	7,785	\$	16,935	\$	24,720			
Securities (2)		118		3,243		3,361			
FHLB stock		3		186		189			
Interest-bearing deposits in other banks		(2,154)		410		(1,744)			
Total interest and dividend income		5,752		20,774		26,526			
Interest expense:									
Demand: interest-bearing	\$	(14)	\$	18	\$	4			
Money market and savings		7,511		14,542		22,053			
Time deposits		2,996		19,802		22,798			
Borrowings		(881)		1,238		357			
Subordinated debentures		24		96		120			
Total interest expense		9,636		35,696		45,332			
Change in net interest income	\$	(3,884)	\$	(14,922)	\$	(18,806)			

Nine Months Ended

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, net interest income was \$149.3 million and \$168.1 million, respectively. The net interest spread and net interest margin, on a taxable equivalent basis, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, were 1.21% and 2.74%, respectively, compared to 1.84% and 3.14%, respectively, for the same period in 2023. Interest and dividend income increased \$26.5 million, or 9.7%, to \$298.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from \$272.1 million for the same period in 2023, primarily due to higher average interest-earning asset yields and an increase in the average balance of loans. Interest expense increased \$45.3 million, or 43.6%, to \$149.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from \$104.0 million for the same period in 2023, primarily due to increases in deposit rates and average deposit balances and, to a lesser extent, an increase in the cost of borrowings.

The average balance of interest earning assets increased \$129.7 million, or 1.8%, to \$7.30 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from \$7.17 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of loans increased \$179.7 million, or 3.0%, to \$6.11 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from \$5.93 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of securities increased \$9.3 million, or 1.0%, to \$978.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from \$9.3 million, or 2.024, from \$969.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits at other banks decreased \$59.3 million, or 23.9%, to \$188.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from \$247.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The average yield on interest-earning assets, on a taxable equivalent basis, increased 39 basis points to 5.47% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from 5.08% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average yield on loans increased to 6.00% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from 5.63% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average yield on securities, on a taxable equivalent basis, increased to 2.17% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from 1.73% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average yield on interest-bearing deposits in other banks increased 29 basis points to 5.16% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, from 4.87% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The average balance of interest-bearing liabilities increased \$397.8 million, or 9.3%, to \$4.69 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared with \$4.29 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average balances of time deposits and money market and savings accounts increased \$106.9 million and \$342.3 million, respectively, offset partially by decreases in interest-bearing demand deposits and borrowings of \$15.8 million and \$36.1 million, respectively.

The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities was 4.26% and 3.24% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The average cost of interest-bearing deposits increased 104 basis points to 4.23% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared with 3.19% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of time deposits increased 107 basis points to 4.74% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared with 3.67% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of money market and savings accounts increased 111 basis points to 3.74% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared with 2.63% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of subordinated debentures increased to 5.06% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared with 4.97% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The average cost of borrowings increased 104 basis points to 4.31% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared with 3.27% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Credit Loss Expense

For the third quarter of 2024, the Company recorded \$2.3 million of credit loss expense, comprised of a \$2.3 million provision for loan losses. There was no provision recorded for off-balance sheet items. For the same period in 2023, the Company recorded \$5.2 million of credit loss expense, comprised of a \$5.2 million provision for loan losses. There was no provision for off-balance sheet items. The decrease in credit loss expense was primarily due to a reduction in net charge-offs during the third quarter of 2024, compared to the third quarter of 2023.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company recorded \$3.5 million of credit loss expense, comprised of a \$4.0 million provision for loan losses, partially offset by a \$0.5 million recovery for off-balance sheet items. For the same period in 2023, the Company recorded \$7.2 million of credit loss expense, comprised of a \$7.9 million provision for loan losses, partially offset by a \$0.7 million recovery for off-balance sheet items. The decrease in credit loss expense was primarily due to a reduction in net charge-offs during the first nine months of 2024, compared to the same period in 2023.

See also "Allowance for Credit Losses and Allowance for Credit Losses Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items" for further details.

#### Noninterest Income

The following table sets forth the various components of noninterest income for the periods indicated:

	Three Months End	lad Santambar		ncrease ecrease)	Increase (Decrease)		
	2024	•	023	,	amount	Percent	
	2024			P	Minount	rercent	
		(in thous	ands)				
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$ 2,311	\$	2,605	\$	(294)	(11.29)%	
Trade finance and other service charges and fees	1,254		1,155		99	8.57	
Servicing income	817		838		(21)	(2.51)	
Bank-owned life insurance income	320		280		40	14.29	
All other operating income	1,008		1,178		(170)	(14.43)	
Service charges, fees & other	5,710		6,056		(346)	(5.71)	
Gain on sale of SBA loans	1,544		1,172		372	31.74	
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	324		_		324	_	
Gain on sale of bank premises	860		4,000		(3,140)	(78.50)	
Total noninterest income	\$ 8,438	\$	11,228	\$	(2,790)	(24.85)%	

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, noninterest income was \$8.4 million, a decrease of \$2.8 million, or 24.8%, compared to \$11.2 million for the same period in 2023, due primarily to a \$4.0 million gain on the sale-leaseback of a branch property in the third quarter of 2023, compared to a \$0.9 million sale-leaseback gain in the same period in 2024, offset by a \$0.4 million increase in gain on sale of SBA loans in 2024. During the third quarter of 2024, the Company sold \$20.9 million of residential loans and recognized a net gain of \$0.3 million. In the third quarter of 2024, the Company also sold \$23.0 million of SBA loans and recognized a net gain of \$1.5 million. During the third quarter of 2023, the Company sold \$21.0 million of SBA loans and recognized a net gain of \$1.2 million. For the three months ended September 30, 2024, trade premiums on SBA loan sales increased 170 basis points, to 8.54%, from 6.84% for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

The following table sets forth the various components of noninterest income for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Increase (Decrease)	
	2024		2023		Amount	Percent	
		(in tho					
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$ 7,189	\$	7,756	\$	(567)	(7.31)%	
Trade finance and other service charges and fees	3,945		3,586		359	10.01	
Servicing income	2,325		2,405		(80)	(3.33)	
Bank-owned life insurance income	1,262		821		441	53.71	
All other operating income	2,846		4,606		(1,760)	(38.21)	
Service charges, fees & other	17,567		19,174		(1,607)	(8.38)	
Gain on sale of SBA loans	4,669		4,253		416	9.78	
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	1,132		_		1,132	_	
Net loss on sale of securities	_		(1,871)		1,871	(100.00)	
Gain on sale of bank premises	860		4,000		(3,140)	(78.50)	
Legal settlement	_		1,943		(1,943)	(100.00)	
Total noninterest income	\$ 24,228	\$	27,499	\$	(3,271)	(11.89)%	

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, noninterest income was \$24.2 million, a decrease of \$3.3 million, or 11.9%, compared to \$27.5 million for the same period in 2023, due primarily to a \$4.0 million gain on the sale-leaseback of a branch property in the third quarter of 2023, compared to a \$0.9 million sale-leaseback gain for the same period in 2024, and a \$1.8 million decrease in all other operating income, offset partially by \$1.1 million in gain on sale of mortgage loans in the first nine months of 2024. The decrease in all other operating income was mainly attributed to a \$0.9 million increase in income related to equipment financing agreements and \$0.6 million in swap fee income in the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Noninterest Expense

The following table sets forth the components of noninterest expense for the periods indicated:

	Three Months En	led Septembe	er 30,		Increase Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
	2024		2023	4	Amount	Percent
		(in tho	usands)			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 20,851	\$	20,361	\$	490	2.41 %
Occupancy and equipment	4,499		4,825		(326)	(6.76)
Data processing	3,839		3,490		349	10.00
Professional fees	1,492		1,568		(76)	(4.85)
Supplies and communications	538		552		(14)	(2.54)
Advertising and promotion	631		534		97	18.16
All other operating expenses	2,875		2,852		23	0.81
Subtotal	34,725		34,182		543	1.59
Other real estate owned expense	77		16		61	381.25
Repossessed personal property expense	278		47		231	491.49
Total noninterest expense	\$ 35,080	\$	34,245	\$	835	2.44 %

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, noninterest expense was \$35.1 million, an increase of \$0.8 million, or 2.4%, compared with \$34.2 million for the same period in 2023. The increase was mainly attributed to a \$0.5 million increase in salaries and employee benefits, and a \$0.3 million increase in data processing expense. The increase in salaries and employee benefits was mainly attributed to annual merit increases. Data processing expense increased due to an increase in software license and maintenance expense.

The following table sets forth the components of noninterest expense for the periods indicated:

	Nine Months End	ed Septe	mber 30,		Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
	2024		2023	Amount		Percent
		(ir	n thousands)			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 62,870	\$	61,336	\$	1,534	2.50 %
Occupancy and equipment	13,342		13,737		(395)	(2.88)
Data processing	11,076		10,208		868	8.50
Professional fees	5,134		4,278		856	20.01
Supplies and communications	1,710		1,866		(156)	(8.36)
Advertising and promotion	2,207		2,114		93	4.40
All other operating expenses	9,326		8,054		1,272	15.79
Subtotal	105,665		101,593		4,072	4.01
Branch consolidation expense	301		_		301	_
Other real estate owned expense (income)	105		(181)		286	(158.01)
Repossessed personal property expense (income)	729		(96)		825	(859.38)
Total noninterest expense	\$ 106,800	\$	101,316	\$	5,484	5.41 %

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, noninterest expense was \$106.8 million, an increase of \$5.5 million, or 5.4%, compared with \$101.3 million for the same period in 2023, primarily attributable to increases in salaries and employee benefits, data processing, professional fees, and other operating expenses. Salaries and employee benefits increased \$1.5 million due to higher salaries, group insurance, and share-based compensation expense, offset primarily by capitalized labor costs associated with the Company's investment in a new loan origination system. Data processing expense increased \$0.9 million due to an increase in software license and maintenance expense in 2024. Professional fees decreased \$0.9 million primarily due to increases in consulting fees, and legal fees related to loan matters. All other operating expenses increased \$1.3 million mainly due to a \$0.6 million increase in loan and deposit-related expenses and a \$0.4 million SBA servicing asset adjustment. Repossessed personal property expense increased mainly due to a \$0.8 million loss on sale of lease assets.

#### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax expense was \$6.2 million and \$7.9 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 29.5% and 29.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Income tax expense was \$18.8 million and \$25.7 million, representing an effective income tax rate of 29.7% and 29.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### **Financial Condition**

#### Securities

As of September 30, 2024, our securities portfolio consisted of U.S. government agency and sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and debt securities, tax-exempt municipal bonds and U.S. Treasury securities. Most of these securities carry fixed interest rates. Other than holdings of U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations, there were no securities of any one issuer exceeding 10% of stockholders' equity as of September 30, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

Securities increased \$43.2 million to \$908.9 million at September 30, 2024 from \$865.7 million at December 31, 2023, mainly attributed to \$128.3 million in securities purchases, partially offset by \$105.9 million in payments and maturities, and a decrease in unrealized securities losses of \$22.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

The following table summarizes the contractual maturity schedule for securities, at amortized cost, and their cost weighted average yield, which is calculated using amortized cost as the weight, as of September 30, 2024:

			After ( Year I		After F Years					
	Within One Year		Within Five Years		Within Ten Years		After Ten Years		Tota	al
	Amount	Yield	Amount	Yield	Amount	Yield	Amount	Yield	Amount	Yield
					(dollars in tho	ısands)				
Securities available for sale:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 50,727	4.26 %	\$ 43,390	3.89 %	s —	0.00 %	\$ —	0.00 %	\$ 94,117	4.09 %
U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations:										
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	10	2.97	_	_	19,732	3.45	444,668	1.73	464,410	1.80
Mortgage-backed securities - commercial	2,674	2.29	5,012	2.60	_	_	66,253	2.35	73,939	2.36
Collateralized mortgage obligations	_	_	128	1.29	221	2.74	149,985	3.89	150,334	3.89
Debt securities	52,984	1.07	75,368	1.76	_	_	_	_	128,352	1.47
Total U.S. government agency and sponsored agency obligations	55,668	1.13	80,508	1.81	19,953	3.44	660,906	2.28	817,035	2.18
Municipal bonds-tax exempt	_	_	_	_	42,907	1.33	33,439	1.34	76,346	1.34
Total securities available for sale	\$ 106,395	2.62	\$ 123,898	2.54 %	\$ 62,860	2.00 %	\$ 694,345	2.23 %	\$ 987,498	2.30 %

#### Loans Receivable

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, loans receivable (excluding loans held for sale), net of deferred loan fees and costs, discounts and allowance for credit losses, were \$6.19 and \$6.11 billion, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, there was \$855.6 million in new loan production, which included \$38.4 million in SBA loan purchases, offset partially by \$454.4 million in loan sales and payoffs, and amortization and other reductions of \$325.9 million. Loan production consisted of commercial real estate loans of \$258.0 million, residential mortgages of \$124.1 million, commercial and industrial loans of \$214.9 million, equipment financing agreements of \$121.8 million and SBA loans of \$136.9 million.

The table below shows the maturity distribution of outstanding loans, before the allowance for credit losses as of September 30, 2024. In addition, the table shows the distribution of such loans between those with floating or variable interest rates and those with fixed or predetermined interest rates.

	w	ithin One Year	After One Year but Within Three Years	fter Three Years but Within Five Years (in thous)	,	After Five Years but Within Fifteen Years	After Fifteen Years	Total
Real estate loans:				,				
Commercial property								
Retail	\$	144,993	\$ 366,032	\$ 361,686	\$	149,144	\$ 65,578	\$ 1,087,433
Hospitality		208,243	259,865	278,417		54,531	17,961	819,017
Office		166,863	270,248	113,195		14,146	7,128	571,580
Other		229,156	512,317	448,099		137,936	41,786	1,369,294
Total commercial property loans		749,255	1,408,462	1,201,397		355,757	132,453	3,847,324
Construction		70,889	13,875	_		_	_	84,764
Residential		6,746	52	119		4,722	927,646	939,285
Total real estate loans		826,890	1,422,389	1,201,516		360,479	1,060,099	4,871,373
Commercial and industrial loans		424,394	176,678	87,289		190,731	_	879,092
Equipment financing agreements		29,729	223,656	239,715		14,179	_	507,279
Loans receivable	\$	1,281,013	\$ 1,822,723	\$ 1,528,520	\$	565,389	\$ 1,060,099	\$ 6,257,744
Loans with predetermined interest rates		610,474	 1,273,104	 762,695		29,362	 255,734	 2,931,369
Loans with variable interest rates		670,539	549,619	765,825		536,027	804,365	3,326,375

The table below shows the maturity distribution of outstanding loans, before the allowance for credit losses, with fixed or predetermined interest rates, as of September 30, 2024.

	w	ithin One		After One Year but /ithin Three	•	fter Three Years but Yithin Five		After Five Years but Within Fifteen	After Fifteen	
	''	Year	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Years	*	Years		Years	Years	Total
						(in thouse	ands)			
Real estate loans:										
Commercial property										
Retail	\$	110,285	\$	331,196	\$	131,949	\$	32	\$ 753	\$ 574,215
Hospitality		58,213		150,961		113,428		656	_	323,258
Office		107,476		211,986		50,420		_	_	369,882
Other		192,499		352,145		215,713		5,776	3,328	769,461
Total commercial property loans		468,473		1,046,288		511,510		6,464	4,081	2,036,816
Construction		1,194		_		_		_	_	1,194
Residential		3,209		52		_		2,422	251,653	257,336
Total real estate loans		472,876		1,046,340		511,510		8,886	255,734	2,295,346
Commercial and industrial loans		107,869		3,108		11,470		6,298	_	128,745
Equipment financing agreements		29,729		223,656		239,715		14,178	_	507,278
Loans receivable	\$	610,474	\$	1,273,104	\$	762,695	\$	29,362	\$ 255,734	\$ 2,931,369

The table below shows the maturity distribution of outstanding loans, before the allowance for credit losses, with floating or variable interest rates (including floating, adjustable and hybrids), as of September 30, 2024.

	Wi	thin One Year	7	After One Year but ithin Three Years	1	fter Three Years but Tithin Five Years (in thous)	After Five Years but Within Fifteen Years	After Fifteen Years	Total
Real estate loans:						(**********			
Commercial property									
Retail	\$	34,708	\$	34,836	\$	229,736	\$ 149,112	\$ 64,825	\$ 513,217
Hospitality		150,030		108,904		164,988	53,875	17,961	495,758
Office		59,386		58,262		62,775	14,146	7,129	201,698
Other		36,657		160,172		232,386	132,161	38,458	599,834
Total commercial property loans		280,781		362,174		689,885	349,294	128,373	1,810,507
Construction		69,695		13,875		_	_	_	83,570
Residential		3,537		_		119	2,300	675,992	681,948
Total real estate loans		354,013		376,049		690,004	351,594	804,365	2,576,025
Commercial and industrial loans		316,526		173,570		75,821	184,433	_	750,350
Loans receivable	\$	670,539	\$	549,619	\$	765,825	\$ 536,027	\$ 804,365	\$ 3,326,375

### Industry

As of September 30, 2024, the loan portfolio included the following concentrations of loans to one type of industry that were greater than 10.0% of loans receivable outstanding:

			Percentage of	
	Ba	lance as of	Loans Receivable	
	Septe	mber 30, 2024	Outstanding	
		(in millions)		
Lessor of nonresidential buildings	\$	1,690		27.0 %
Hospitality		823		13.2 %

### **Loan Quality Indicators**

Loans 30 to 89 days past due and still accruing were \$15.0 million at September 30, 2024, compared with \$10.3 million at December 31, 2023, attributable to an increase of \$5.6 million in past due residential loans, offset by payoffs and other reductions.

Activity in criticized loans was as follows for the periods indicated:

	Special Mer	ntion	Classifi	ed
		(in thous	ands)	
Three months ended September 30, 2024				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	36,922	\$	33,946
Additions		129,744		34,605
Reductions		(35,090)		(40,174)
Ending balance	\$	131,576	\$	28,377
Three months ended September 30, 2023				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	44,633	\$	38,840
Additions		35,818		6,670
Reductions		(3,978)		(12,376)
Ending balance	\$	76,473	\$	33,134
	Special Me	ntion	Classifi	ed
		(in thous	ands)	
Nine months ended September 30, 2024				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	65,315	\$	31,367
Additions		130,002		46,984
Reductions		(63,741)		(49,974)
Ending balance	\$	131,576	\$	28,377
Nine months ended September 30, 2023				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	79,013	\$	46,192
Additions		60,814		14,226
Reductions		(63,354)		(27,284)
Ending balance	\$	76,473	\$	33,134

Special mention loans were \$131.6 million and \$65.3 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The \$66.3 million increase included downgrades from pass loans of \$130.0 million, offset by upgrades to pass loans of \$10.3 million, downgrades to classified loans of \$36.3 million, and paydowns and payoffs of \$17.0 million. Additions during the third quarter of 2024 included the downgrade to the special mention category of two commercial real estate loans in the hospitality industry for \$109.7 million and a commercial and industrial loan in the health care industry for \$20.1 million, all of which were current and fully collateralized at September 30, 2024. Reductions during the third quarter of 2024 included the downgrade from the special mention category to the classified category of a \$28.3 million completed construction loan for a memory care and assisted-living facility. Additionally, during the third quarter of 2024, the \$28.3 million loan was transferred from classified to held-for-sale after the Bank recognized a \$1.1 million charge-off on this loan. Subsequent to the end of the third quarter, the Bank completed the sale of the loan for \$27.2 million (see Note 16 - Subsequent Events, for more information). Additional reductions in special mention loans during the third quarter resulted from upgrades of \$6.1 million

Classified loans were \$28.4 million and \$31.4 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Classified loan activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 included increases primarily due to loan downgrades of \$47.0 million that included the \$28.3 special mention construction loan, offset by paydowns and payoffs of \$18.2 million, \$4.5 million in loan charge-offs, and the transfer, after the charge-off, of the \$27.2 million construction loan to the held-for-sale nonaccrual category.

### **Nonperforming Assets**

Nonperforming loans consist of nonaccrual loans and loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest. Nonperforming assets consist of nonperforming loans and OREO. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when, in the opinion of management, the full timely collection of principal or interest is in doubt. Generally, the accrual of interest is discontinued when principal or interest payments become more than 90 days past due, unless we believe the loan is adequately collateralized and in the process of collection. However, in certain instances, we may place a particular loan on nonaccrual status earlier, depending upon the individual circumstances surrounding the loan's delinquency. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, previously accrued but unpaid interest is reversed against current income. Subsequent collections of cash are applied as principal reductions when received, except when the ultimate collectability of principal is probable, in which case interest payments are credited to income. Nonaccrual

loans may be restored to accrual status when principal and interest become current and full repayment is expected, which generally occurs after sustained payment of six months. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis for loans not meeting the criteria for nonaccrual. OREO consists of properties acquired by foreclosure or similar means.

Except for nonaccrual loans, management is not aware of any other loans as of September 30, 2024 for which known credit problems of the borrower would cause serious doubts as to the ability of such borrowers to comply with their present loan repayment terms, or any known events that would result in a loan being designated as nonperforming at some future date.

Nonaccrual loans were \$15.2 million and \$15.5 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, representing a decrease of \$0.3 million, or 2.1%. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 1.90% and 1.25% of equipment financing agreements were on nonaccrual status, respectively. At September 30, 2024 there were \$242,000 loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest. At December 31, 2023, all loans 90 days or more past due were classified as nonaccrual.

The \$15.2 million of nonperforming loans as of September 30, 2024 had individually evaluated allowances of \$5.2 million, compared to \$15.5 million of nonperforming loans with individually evaluated allowances of \$3.4 million as of December 31, 2023.

Nonperforming assets were \$16.3 million at September 30, 2024, or 0.21% of total assets, compared to \$15.6 million, or 0.21%, at December 31, 2023. Additionally, not included in nonperforming assets were repossessed personal property assets associated with equipment finance agreements of \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

#### **Individually Evaluated Loans**

The Company reviews loans on an individual basis when the loan does not share similar risk characteristics with loan pools. Individually evaluated loans are measured for expected credit losses based on the present value of expected cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate, the observable market price, or the fair value of collateral.

Individually evaluated loans were \$15.2 million and \$15.4 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, representing a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 1.3%. Specific allowances associated with individually evaluated loans increased \$1.8 million to \$5.2 million as of September 30, 2024 compared with \$3.4 million as of December 31, 2023, mainly attributed to specific reserve allocation on newly added nonperforming equipment finance agreements.

A borrower is experiencing financial difficulties when there is a probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. The Company may modify loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties by providing principal forgiveness, a term extension, an other-than-insignificant payment delay, or an interest rate reduction.

The following table presents loan modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty by type of modification, with related amortized cost balances, respective percentage shares of the total class of loans, and the related financial effect, for the periods indicated:

	Term Extension								
	% of Total Class of								
		tized Cost Basis n thousands)	Loans	Financial Effect					
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2024	,								
Commercial and industrial loans	\$	20,060	2.0 %	1 loan with term extension of 6 years					

The modified loan above was current at September 30, 2024.

No loans were modified to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Allowance for Credit Losses and Allowance for Credit Losses Related to Off-Balance Sheet Items

The Company's estimate of the allowance for credit losses at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 reflected losses expected over the remaining contractual life of assets based on historical, current, and forward-looking information. The contractual term does not consider extensions, renewals or modifications.

Management selected three loss methodologies for the collective allowance estimation. At September 30, 2024, the Company used the discounted cash flow ("DCF") method to estimate allowances for credit losses for the commercial and industrial loan portfolio, the Probability of Default/Loss Given Default ("PD/LGD") method for the commercial real estate, construction and residential real estate portfolios, and the Weighted Average Remaining Maturity ("WARM") method to estimate expected credit losses for equipment financing agreements. Loans that do not share similar risk characteristics are individually evaluated for allowances.

For all loans utilizing the DCF method, the Company determined that four quarters represented a reasonable and supportable forecast period and reverted to a historical loss rate over twelve quarters on a straight-line basis. For this loan segment, the Company applied an annualized historical PD/LGD using all available historical periods. Since reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions are embedded directly into the DCF model, qualitative adjustments are considered but were minimal.

For each of the loan segments identified above, the Company applied an annualized historical PD/LGD using all available historical periods. The PD/LGD method incorporates a forecast of economic conditions into loss estimates using a qualitative adjustment.

For loan pools utilizing the PD/LGD method, the Company used historical periods that included an economic downturn to derive historical losses for better alignment in the estimation of expected losses under the PD/LGD method. The Company relied on Frye-Jacobs-modeled LGD rates for loan segments with insufficient historical loss data. The Frye-Jacobs model provides a means of applying an LGD rate in the event that limited to no loss data is available. The PD/LGD method incorporates a forecast into loss estimates using a qualitative adjustment.

The Company used the WARM method to estimate expected credit losses for the equipment financing agreements portfolio. The Company applied an expected loss ratio based on internal historical losses adjusted as appropriate for qualitative factors.

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company relied on the economic projections from Moody's to inform its loss driver forecasts over the four-quarter forecast period. For all loan pools, the Company utilizes and forecasts the national unemployment rate as the primary loss driver.

To adjust the historical and forecast periods to current conditions, the Company applies various qualitative factors derived from market, industry or business specific data, changes in the underlying portfolio composition, trends relating to credit quality, delinquent and nonperforming loans and adversely-rated equipment financing agreements, and reasonable and supportable forecasts of economic conditions.

The following table reflects our allocation of the allowance for credit losses by loan category as well as the amount of loans in each loan category, including related percentages:

			September 30	, 2024			December 3	31, 2023	23		
		llowance Amount	Percentage of Total Allowance	Total Loa	Percentage of Total Loans	Allowance Amount	Percentage of Total Allowance	Total Loans	Percentage of Total Loans		
					(dollars in	thousands)					
Real estate loans:											
Commercial property											
Retail	\$	10,226	14.8 %	\$ 1,087	,433 17.4 %	6 \$ 10,264	14.8 %	\$ 1,107,360	17.9 %		
Hospitality		13,971	20.2	819	,017 13.1	15,534	22.4	740,519	12.0		
Office		3,879	5.6	571	,580 9.1	3,024	4.4	574,981	9.3		
Other		8,004	11.6	1,369	294 21.9	8,663	12.4	1,366,534	22.1		
Total commercial property loans		36,080	52.2	3,847	324 61.5	37,485	54.0	3,789,394	61.3		
Construction		1,698	2.5	84	764 1.4	2,756	4.0	100,345	1.6		
Residential		5,916	8.6	939	,285 15.0	5,258	7.5	962,661	15.6		
Total real estate loans		43,694	63.3	4,871	373 77.9	45,499	65.5	4,852,400	78.5		
Commercial and industrial loans		9,783	14.0	879	,092 14.0	10,257	14.8	747,819	12.1		
Equipment financing agreements		15,686	22.7	507	,279 8.1	13,706	19.7	582,215	9.4		
Total	s	69,163	100.0 %	\$ 6,257	744 100.0	% \$ 69,462	100.0 %	\$ 6,182,434	100.0 %		

The following table sets forth certain ratios related to our allowance for credit losses at the dates presented:

		As of		
	Sept	ember 30, 2024		December 31, 2023
		(dollars in thou	sands)	
Ratios:				
Allowance for credit losses to loans receivable		1.11 %		1.12 %
Nonaccrual loans to loans		0.24 %		0.25 %
Allowance for credit losses to nonaccrual loans		453.56 %		448.89 %
Balance:				
Nonaccrual loans at end of period	\$	15,249	\$	15,474
Nonperforming loans at end of period	\$	15,490	\$	15,474

The allowance for credit losses was \$69.2 million and \$69.5 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The allowance attributed to individually evaluated loans was \$5.2 million and \$3.4 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The allowance attributed to collectively evaluated loans was \$64.0 million and \$66.1 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and considered the impact of changes in macroeconomic assumptions, normalized interest rate forecasts for the subsequent four quarters, and a net reduction in specific qualitative factors allocated to criticized hospitality loans impacted by the pandemic.

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the allowance for credit losses related to off-balance sheet items, primarily unfunded loan commitments, was \$2.0 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. The Bank closely monitors the borrower's repayment capabilities, while funding existing commitments to ensure losses are minimized. Based on management's evaluation and analysis of portfolio credit quality and prevailing economic conditions, we believe these allowances were adequate for current expected lifetime losses in the loan portfolio and off-balance sheet exposure as of September 30, 2024.

The following table presents a summary of gross charge-offs and recoveries for the loan portfolio:

	T	hree Months Ended Septe	mber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2024	2023	2024		2023		
			(in thousand	(s)				
Gross charge-offs	\$	(3,800) \$	(9,370)	(8,262)	\$	(14,314)		
Gross recoveries		2,924	492	3,999		2,242		
Net (charge-offs) recoveries	\$	(876) \$	(8,878)	(4,263)	\$	(12,072)		

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, gross charge-offs decreased \$5.6 million from the same period in 2023. Gross recoveries for the three months ended September 30, 2024 increased \$2.4 million from the same period in 2023. Gross charge-offs for the three months ended September 30, 2024 primarily consisted of a \$1.1 million charge-off on a previously identified construction loan, equipment financing agreements charge-offs of \$2.5 million, and commercial and industrial charge-offs of \$0.2 million. Gross charge-offs for the three months ended September 30, 2023 primarily consisted of \$6.1 million of commercial and industrial loans, \$2.8 million of equipment financing agreements, \$0.2 million of SBA loans secured by business assets and \$0.2 million of SBA loans secured by real estate. Gross recoveries for the three months ended September 30, 2024 primarily consisted of a \$1.7 million recovery on a commercial loan, \$0.7 million in recoveries on real estate loans, and \$0.5 million in recoveries on equipment financing agreements.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, gross charge-offs decreased \$6.1 million from the same period in 2023. Gross charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 primarily consisted of a \$1.1 million charge-off on a construction loan, equipment financing agreements charge-offs of \$6.6 million, and commercial and industrial charge-offs of \$0.4 million. Gross charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 primarily consisted of equipment financing agreements charge-offs of \$7.1 million and commercial and industrial charge-offs of \$6.6 million. Gross recoveries for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 increased \$1.8 million from the same period in 2023. Gross recoveries for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 primarily consisted of a \$1.7 million recovery on a commercial loan and \$1.8 million in equipment financing agreements recoveries.

The following table presents a summary of net (charge-offs) recoveries for the loan portfolio:

		,	Three M	onths Ended			Nine N	Ionths Ended	
	Ave	erage Loans		(Charge- Recoveries	Net (Charge- Offs) Recoveries to Average Loans	Average Loans		t (Charge- Offs) ecoveries	Net (Charge- Offs) Recoveries to Average Loans
					(dollars in tho	ısands)			
September 30, 2024									
Commercial real estate loans	\$	3,885,328	\$	_	%	\$ 3,871,570	\$	_	— %
Residential loans		949,709		(404)	(0.17)	964,754		(386)	(0.05)
Commercial and industrial loans		753,578		1,489	0.79	729,491		1,465	0.27
Equipment financing agreements		523,721		(1,961)	(1.50)	547,403		(5,342)	(1.30)
Total	\$	6,112,336	\$	(876)	(0.06)%	\$ 6,113,218	\$	(4,263)	(0.09)%
September 30, 2023									
Commercial real estate loans	\$	3,719,876	\$	(166)	(0.02)%	\$ 3,759,932	\$	(453)	(0.02)%
Residential loans		906,977		_	_	847,633		6	0.00
Commercial and industrial loans		697,454		(6,182)	(3.55)	729,893		(5,704)	(1.04)
Equipment financing agreements		591,116		(2,530)	(1.71)	596,067		(5,921)	(1.32)
Total	\$	5,915,423	\$	(8,878)	(0.60)%	\$ 5,933,525	\$	(12,072)	(0.27)%
(1) <sub>Annualized</sub>									

Net loan charge-offs were \$0.9 million, or 0.06% of average loans and \$8.9 million, or 0.60% of average loans for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Net loan charge-offs were \$4.3 million, or 0.09% of average loans, and \$12.1 million, or 0.27% of average loans, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### **Deposits**

The following table shows the composition of deposits by type as of the dates indicated:

	<b>September 30, 2024</b>			<b>December 31, 2023</b>	
		Balance	Percent	Balance	Percent
			(dollars in thousand	ds)	
Demand – noninterest-bearing	\$	2,051,790	32.0 % \$	2,003,596	31.9 %
Interest-bearing:					
Demand		79,287	1.2	87,452	1.4
Money market and savings		1,898,834	29.7	1,734,659	27.6
Uninsured amount of time deposits more than \$250,000:					
Three months or less		199,651	3.1	186,321	3.0
Over three months through six months		254,841	4.0	201,085	3.2
Over six months through twelve months		192,708	3.0	222,683	3.6
Over twelve months		4,215	0.1	70,932	1.1
All other insured time deposits		1,721,895	26.9	1,773,846	28.2
Total deposits	\$	6,403,221	100.0 % \$	6,280,574	100.0 %

Total deposits were \$6.40 billion and \$6.28 billion as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, representing an increase of \$122.6 million, or 2.0%. The increase in deposits was primarily driven by a \$164.2 million increase in money market and savings deposits and a \$48.2 million increase in noninterest-bearing demand deposits, partially offset by a \$81.6 million decrease in time deposits. At September 30, 2024, the loan-to-deposit ratio was 97.7% compared to 98.4% at December 31, 2023.

As of September 30, 2024, the aggregate amount of uninsured deposits (deposits in amounts greater than \$250,000, which is the maximum amount for federal deposit insurance) was \$2.67 billion. The aggregate amount of uninsured time deposits was \$651.4 million. Other uninsured deposits, such as demand and money market and savings deposits were \$2.02 billion. At September 30, 2024, \$1.17 billion of total uninsured deposits were in accounts with balances of \$5.0 million or more. As of December 31, 2023, the aggregate amount of uninsured deposits was \$681.0 million.

Other uninsured deposits, such as demand, money market and savings deposits were \$1.84 billion. At December 31, 2023, \$1.09 billion of total uninsured deposits were in accounts with balances of \$5.0 million or more.

The Bank's wholesale funds historically consisted of FHLB advances, brokered deposits as well as State of California time deposits. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Bank had \$300.0 million and \$325.0 million of FHLB advances, and \$13.2 million and \$58.3 million of brokered deposits, respectively, and \$120.0 million of State of California time deposits, as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The decrease in brokered deposits was due to the Bank utilizing more overnight FHLB borrowings as a funding source.

#### **Borrowings and Subordinated Debentures**

Borrowings mostly take the form of FHLB advances. At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, FHLB advances were \$300.0 million and \$325.0 million, respectively. FHLB open advances were \$200.0 million and \$212.5 million at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. For the same periods, term advances were \$100.0 million and \$112.5 million, respectively. Funds from deposit growth not used to fund loan production were used to pay off borrowings.

The weighted-average interest rate of all FHLB advances at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was 4.81% and 4.69%, respectively.

The FHLB maximum amount outstanding at any month end during each of the year-to-date periods ended September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$350.0 million and \$450.0 million, respectively.

The following is a summary of contractual maturities of FHLB advances greater than twelve months:

		<b>September 30, 2024</b>		December 31, 2023	
			Weighted		Weighted
FHLB of San Francisco	Outstanding Balance		Average Rate	Outstanding Balance	Average Rate
	(dollars in thousands)				
Advances due over 12 months through 24 months	\$	87,500	4.32 % \$	12,500	1.90 %
Advances due over 24 months through 36 months		_	_	62,500	4.37
Outstanding advances over 12 months	\$	87,500	4.32 %	75,000	3.96 %

Subordinated debentures were \$130.5 million and \$130.0 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Subordinated debentures are comprised of fixed-to-floating subordinated notes of \$108.5 million and \$108.3 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures of \$22.0 million and \$21.7 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. See "Note 8 – Borrowings and Subordinated Debentures" to the consolidated financial statements for more details.

# Stockholders' Equity

Stockholders' equity was \$736.7 million and \$701.9 million as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Net income, net of \$22.8 million of dividends paid, added \$21.7 million to stockholders' equity for the period, as did \$2.7 million of share-based compensation, and a \$16.4 million decrease in unrealized after-tax losses on securities available for sale due to changes in interest rates, offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in unrealized after-tax losses on cash flow hedges. In addition, the Company repurchased 345,000 shares of common stock during the period at an average share price of \$16.68 for a total cost of \$5.8 million. At September 30, 2024, 1,425,000 shares remain under the Company's share repurchase program.

#### Interest Rate Risk Management

The spread between interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities is the principal component of net interest income, and interest rate changes substantially affect our financial performance. We emphasize capital protection through stable earnings. In order to achieve stable earnings, we prudently manage our assets and liabilities and closely monitor the percentage changes in net interest income and equity value in relation to limits established within our guidelines.

The Company performs simulation modeling to estimate the potential effects of interest rate changes. The following table summarizes one of the stress simulations performed to forecast the impact of changing interest rates on net interest income and the value of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities reflected on our balance sheet (i.e., an instantaneous parallel shift in the yield curve of the magnitude indicated below) as of September 30, 2024. The Company compares this stress simulation to policy

limits, which specify the maximum tolerance level for net interest income exposure over a 1- to 12-month and a 13- to 24- month horizon, given the basis point adjustment in interest rates reflected below.

#### **Net Interest Income Simulation**

		1- to 12-Month	Horizon		13- to 24-Month Horizon		
Change in Interest		Dollar	Percentage	1	Dollar	Percentage	
Rates (Basis Points)	Change Change		Change		Change		
			(dollars in th	ousands)			
300	\$	5,435	2.16 %	\$	26,380	9.01 %	
200	\$	3,184	1.26 %	\$	16,515	5.64 %	
100	\$	2,206	0.88 %	\$	9,668	3.30 %	
-100	\$	(3,654)	(1.45 %)	\$	(13,155)	(4.50 %)	
-200	\$	(7,957)	(3.16 %)	\$	(29,165)	(9.97 %)	
-300	\$	(12,591)	(5.00 %)	\$	(46,913)	(16.03 %)	

	Economic Value of Equity (EVE)				
Change in Interest		Dollar	Percentage		
Rates (Basis Points)		Change	Change		
	(dollars in thousands)				
300	\$	33,722	4.82 %		
200	\$	28,313	4.05 %		
100	\$	21,874	3.13 %		
-100	\$	(39,879)	(5.70 %)		
-200	\$	(101,173)	(14.46 %)		
-300	\$	(180,832)	(25.85 %)		

The estimated sensitivity does not necessarily represent our forecast, and the results may not be indicative of actual changes to our net interest income. These estimates are based upon a number of assumptions, including the timing and magnitude of interest rate changes, prepayments on loans receivable and securities, pricing strategies on loans receivable and deposits, and replacement of asset and liability cash flows.

The key assumptions, based upon loans receivable, securities and deposits, are as follows:

Conditional prepayment rates*:	
Loans receivable	14 %
Securities	6 %
Deposit rate betas*:	
NOW, savings, money market demand	48 %
Time deposits, retail and wholesale	75 %

 $<sup>* \</sup>textit{Balance-weighted average}$ 

While the assumptions used are based on current economic and local market conditions, there is no assurance as to the predictive nature of these conditions, including how customer preferences or competitor influences might change.

### Capital Resources and Liquidity

### Capital Resources

Historically, our primary source of capital has been the retention of operating earnings. In order to ensure adequate capital levels, the Board regularly assesses projected sources and uses of capital, expected loan growth, anticipated strategic actions (such as stock repurchases and dividends), and projected capital thresholds under adverse and severely adverse economic conditions. In addition, the Board considers the Company's access to capital from financial markets through the issuance of additional debt and securities, including common stock or notes, to meet its capital needs.

The Company's ability to pay dividends to stockholders depends in part upon dividends it receives from the Bank. California law restricts the amount available for cash dividends to the lesser of a bank's retained earnings or net income for its last three fiscal years (less any distributions to stockholders made during such period). Where the above test is not met, cash dividends may still be paid, with the prior approval of the Department of Financial Protection and Innovation ("DFPI"), in an amount not exceeding the

greater of: (1) retained earnings of the Bank; (2) net income of the Bank for its last fiscal year; or (3) the net income of the Bank for its current fiscal year. The Company paid dividends of \$22.8 million (\$0.75 per share) for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and \$30.5 million (\$1.00 per share) for the year 2023. As of October 1, 2024, the Bank has the ability to pay dividends of approximately \$136.0 million, after giving effect to the \$0.25 dividend declared on October 24, 2024, for the fourth quarter of 2024, without the prior approval of the Commissioner of the DFPI.

At September 30, 2024, the Bank's total risk-based capital ratio of 14.27%, Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of 13.23%, common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 13.23% and Tier 1 leverage capital ratio of 11.43% placed the Bank in the "well capitalized" category pursuant to capital rules, which is defined as institutions with total risk-based capital ratio equal to or greater than 10.00%, Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio equal to or greater than 8.00%, common equity Tier 1 capital ratios equal to or greater than 6.50%, and Tier 1 leverage capital ratio equal to or greater than 5.00%.

At September 30, 2024, the Company's total risk-based capital ratio was 15.03%, Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio was 12.29%, common equity Tier 1 capital ratio was 11.95% and Tier 1 leverage capital ratio was 10.56%.

For a discussion of implemented changes to the capital adequacy framework prompted by Basel III and the Dodd- Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, see our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### Liquidity

For a discussion of liquidity for the Company, see Note 14 - Liquidity included in the notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements in this Report and Note 22 - Liquidity in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

For a discussion of off-balance sheet arrangements, see Note 12 - Off-Balance Sheet Commitments included in the notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements in this Report and "Item 1. Business - Off-Balance Sheet Commitments" in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no material changes to the contractual obligations described in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures regarding market risks, see "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Interest Rate Risk Management" in this Report.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management is responsible for the disclosure controls and procedures of the Corporation. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods required by the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Corporation's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2024.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f)) during the quarter ended September 30, 2024 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Part II — Other Information

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, Hanmi Financial and its subsidiaries are parties to litigation that arises in the ordinary course of business, such as claims to enforce liens, claims involving the origination and servicing of loans, and other issues related to the business of Hanmi Financial and its subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, the resolution of any such issues would not have a material adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity of Hanmi Financial or its subsidiaries.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in risk factors applicable to the Corporation from those described in "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On April 25, 2024, the Company announced that the Board of Directors has adopted a new stock repurchase program under which the Company may repurchase up to 5% of its outstanding shares, or approximately 1.5 million shares of its common stock. As of September 30, 2024, 1,425,000 shares remained available for future purchases under that stock repurchase program. The program has no scheduled expiration date and the Board of Directors has the right to suspend or discontinue the program at any time.

The following table represents information with respect to repurchases of common stock made by the Company during the three months ended September 30, 2024:

Purchase Date:	age Price Per Share	Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Yet Be Purchased Under the Program
July 1, 2024 - July 31, 2024	\$ 20.09	6,000	1,494,000
August 1, 2024 - August 31, 2024	\$ 18.97	65,010	1,428,990
September 1, 2024 - September 30, 2024	\$ 19.62	3,990	1,425,000
Total	\$ 19.10	75,000	1,425,000

The Company acquired 1,309 shares from employees in connection with the satisfaction of employee tax withholding obligations incurred through the vesting of Company stock awards for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Shares withheld to cover income taxes upon the vesting of stock awards are repurchased pursuant to the terms of the applicable plan and not under the Company's repurchase program.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

### Item 5. Other Information

## Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers

During the three months ended September 30, 2024, none of our directors or executive officers adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of Hanmi securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement."

## Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Document
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document *
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents *
104	The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, formatted in Inline XBRL

<sup>\*</sup> Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are documents formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language).

## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# Hanmi Financial Corporation

By: /s/ Bonita I. Lee Date: November 4, 2024

November 4, 2024

Date:

Bonita I. Lee

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Romolo C. Santarosa

Romolo C. Santarosa

Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal

Financial Officer)

#### Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Bonita I. Lee, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
- 1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hanmi Financial Corporation;
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4.The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a)designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;

(b)designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c)evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and

(d)disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ Bonita I. Lee Bonita I. Lee President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

#### Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Romolo C. Santarosa, Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
- 1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hanmi Financial Corporation;
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4.The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:

(a)designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;

(b)designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c)evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and

(d)disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ Romolo C. Santarosa Romolo C. Santarosa Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

### Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hanmi Financial Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Bonita I. Lee, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the period presented.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ Bonita I. Lee Bonita I. Lee President and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure statement. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.

### Certification Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hanmi Financial Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Romolo C. Santarosa, Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ Romolo C. Santarosa Romolo C. Santarosa

Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure statement. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.